

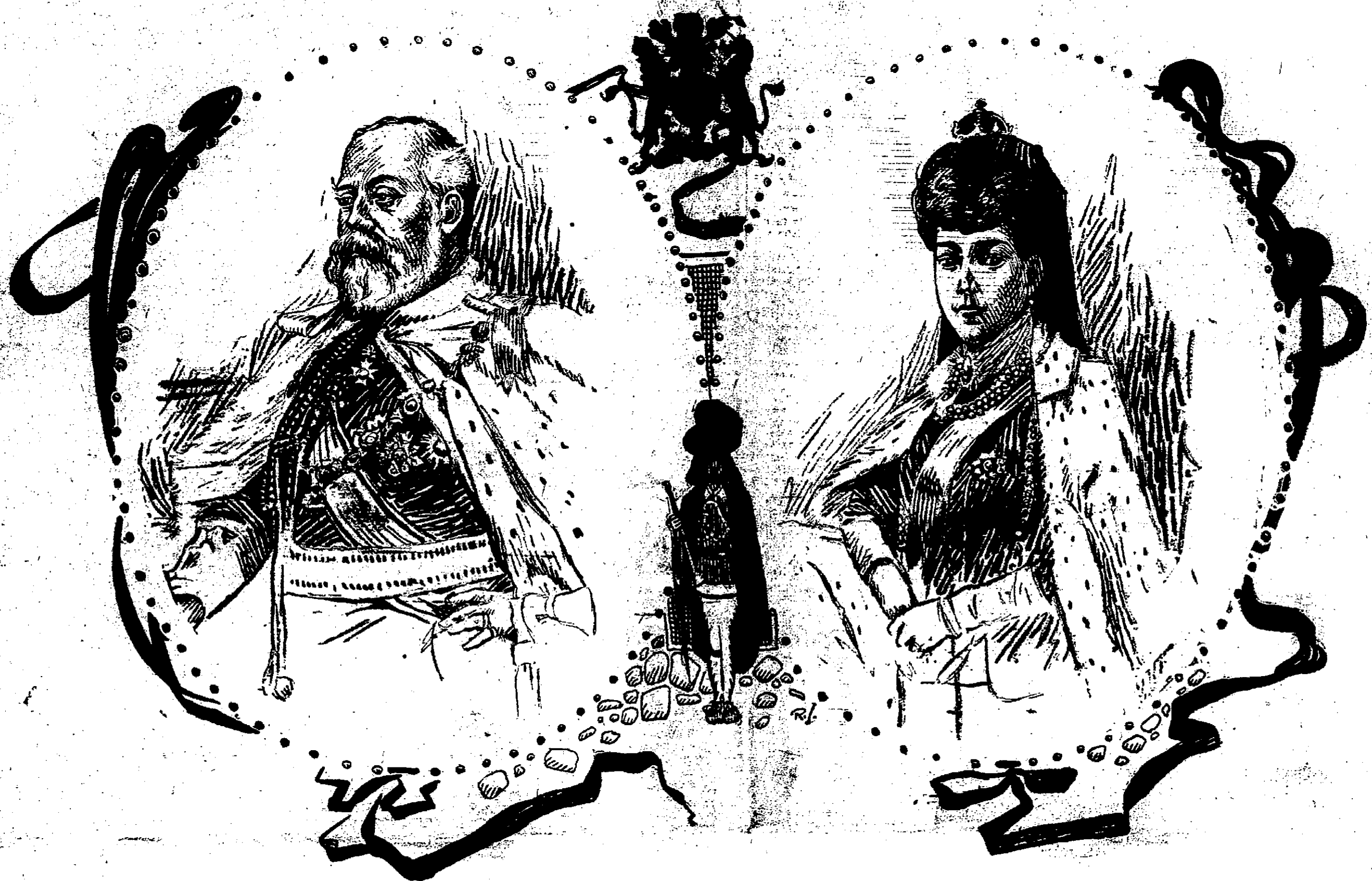
Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T., FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1902—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2396.

HONOLULU OBSERVES CORONATION DAY OF KING EDWARD AND QUEEN ALEXANDRA WITH RELIGIOUS AND SOCIAL EVENTS



CROWNED KING AND QUEEN

Britons Hold a Celebration at Cathedral.

The stately and impressive service which was used yesterday in Westminster Abbey when King Edward VII and Queen Alexandra were crowned as the sovereigns of Great Britain and all dependencies, formed part of the coronation celebration service rendered yesterday morning in the Cathedral of St. Andrew in Honolulu. The columnar stateliness of the interior of the sacred edifice resounded with the strains of the British national anthem and songs of praise of the Church of England, and the prayers were uplifting and full of inspiration befitting the great occasion. The nave was filled with the representatives of the United Kingdom, the United States and nations of Continental Europe, and of Asia. In the chancel were all the canons of the Episcopal church in Hawaii and visiting clergy, and there were forty choristers of both sexes, clothed in surplices of white. From the lectern hung the British flag in artistic folds, while over the pulpit reading desk a large British ensign was draped, intermingling with the folds of the Stars and Stripes, which were also used to show the bond of friendship between the mother country and America. Upon the altar were vases filled with long-stemmed white lilies.

In the nave were officials of the United States Government, Federal and Territorial, army and navy, together with the consular corps and a number of ladies, all occupying a reserved section. On either side British subjects filled the available space, even the corridors behind the choir being occupied. It was an occasion which brought out all the British national feeling of pride and was expressed in the fervency with which the prayers for King Edward and his Queen were repeated, and in the swelling notes of the anthems so dear to the British heart.

LONG LIVE THE KING.

Britons and Americans, men and women in whom flows the Anglo-Saxon blood, vied with each other yesterday in celebrating the coronation of King Edward VII and Queen Alexandra. It was a day filled from its early morning until its close amid music and laughter with merrymaking, and glad hearted Honoluluans speeded the day, dancing away the hours which were marked on the other side of the globe with coffee and toast.

From Cathedral service, reception and sports to ball and supper, the enthusiastic Britons went, each time with added interest, until when the day was spent there was left only pleasing memories of its events. Kneeling, sending aloft fervent petitions for long life and happiness as the monarch of millions of their fellows, tripping away the hours which brought to close the period of pleasures, it was all the day of the Briton, and right well did his American cousin aid him in the observance of the epoch marking occasion.

As a fitting culmination to the day's celebration there was given a ball at the Moana Hotel, where the hours were danced away by the young people, amid a scene of beauty, the colors of England and America being blended in decorations. And when at length the day was over and its joys only memories, the glad laughter of the departing told of their joy and appreciation, their feeling for homeland and adopted country alike.

Britons at Ball Celebrate Events.

Under flags of all nations, surrounded by colors in which predominated the red ensign of Britain, the English speaking people of the city celebrated Coronation day with ceremony. English in inception, the culminating event of a day's merrymaking brought together in the pretty banqueting room of the Moana Hotel, representatives of all nations, and the fast and complete enjoyment of the hours, when compatriots at the capital of the race were asleep, showed the sentiment which filled the breast of the dancer and looked on alike.

The grand ball was one of the most remarkable events of a day well filled with striking occurrences. The dining room of the hotel had been given over to the dancing and its transformation was complete. From each corner were stretched lines bearing flags of all nations, the various flags of Britain, the ensigns of war and peace, the flags of the separate nations making up the whole being blended until all individuality was lost and each became a part of a homogeneous whole, and all contributing to a mass of color which gave to the great room a picture value which was beyond comparison.

The lines bore the flags of England, Scotland and Ireland, and adding to their beauty were the signal flags of all nations, the whole being combined into one of the most beautiful effects possible.

When from aloft the seducing strains of a waltz from Strauss were heard there were in the room 200 people, all intent upon personal enjoyment. The crowd of people had been gathering from early evening and their arrival was the signal for the opening of the pleasures. The tables had been removed from the dining room and all covered with canapés, and the gliding away of the dancers seemed again to people a Hawaiian scene with the bright ones of old.

When the guests entered the room



W. Robert Hoare, His Britannic Majesty's Consul at Honolulu.



Francis M. Swanzy, His Britannic Majesty's Vice Consul for Hawaii.

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PLANS FOR TOURISTS

Rothwell's Views on Securing Trade.

TOURIST travel is now occupying the attention of a committee of the Merchants' Association, and the various plans for reaching the intending traveler, which are now being proposed, will be carefully weighed before the committee makes its report to the association at the next meeting. The plans are many, the one which is now most prominently before the merchants being a proposition to establish in San Francisco a bureau for the purpose of influencing tourists who may reach the Coast metropolis, and who may then be induced to make an extension of their journey to this city.

Chairman John G. Rothwell, of the association's committee, who has as his associates William Lishman and J. P. Humburg, is one of the most enthusiastic advocates of united action toward securing Hawaii's proper proportion of the tourist trade, and is outspoken in his views. He said yesterday:

"The subject of tourist travel, and how to increase it in this Territory, is one that commends itself readily to the consideration of business men, and this question has been taken up in earnest by several members of the Merchants' Association, who believe that there is practically no limit to the possibilities in this direction, if sufficient energy is put forth to properly develop it.

"The present period of trade depression will prove a great ultimate advantage if it results in awakening the community to the fact that there is an immense tourist trade to be had for the asking and the expenditure of a reasonable amount of effort. Expense? Of course there will be expense; no reasonable man anticipates dividends without investment, but if distributed among those who will ultimately benefit, the cost would not be appreciably felt in any direction in comparison to the returns, but to be successful the effort should be sustained by united and aggressive action all along the line—no individual can exert sufficient influence to divert travel in any given direction, and so, as a community, we must go after this trade, which surely will not come to us unlooked for.

"Who are interested? I should judge that the transportation companies principally. First, the transcontinental railroad companies, then the ocean steamship companies, then the local transportation corporations, and individually, every member of the community, from the wealthiest sugar planter to the bootblack, who carries his stock in trade on his back. It is true that many of our sugar magnates are independently well off, but there are many who are wealthy on paper only, and who can neither sell a share of stock nor borrow a dollar on it, and to these the subject of tourist travel should appeal most potent. We all know that sugar is 'King,' but there are others—'A. B. C. Bohemian,' for instance, but that is getting off the subject.

"It is well known that San Francisco is making a strong effort to attract tourist business, and she can well afford to encourage it towards Honolulu, since the bulk of travel would be through the Golden Gate, and the metropolis of the Pacific Coast would thus profit. It would seem that the San Francisco press should refrain, if only from a standpoint of self interest, from publishing unsubstantiated lurid literature to our disadvantage, such, for instance, as the late illustrations of the volcano—depicting dire disaster that exists only in the imagination of some ambitious but ill-advised sensational writer. Press comments should be guarded always, but particularly during periods of panic and disaster, and an indiscreet cartoon may do us more harm than can be repaired in months.

"If you inquire of the retail merchants they will no doubt inform you that their busy days are when foreign steamers are in port, especially those vessels that arrive and remain a few hours during daylight.

"What can be done to induce tourist travel? That is the question now occupying the attention of the committee of the Merchants' Association, and no doubt they will make some practical suggestions on the subject. One of the first principles, however, is to pool issues and pull together instead of in different directions. When you hear a merchant say he does not care a rap if never a tourist came to Honolulu, he talks thoughtlessly, and should reflect that whatever is beneficial to the majority is absolutely a benefit directly or indirectly to himself.

"During my recent visit to Southern California I was impressed that so many of the attractions were artificial. There is not in all the portions of Southern California visited a hill like Taftland or a valley like Mammoth or Inyo, as far as natural attractions are concerned, and nothing as grand as Haleakala, or as impressive as Kilauea, but there is a united effort to make up artificially for what nature has denied, in the way of easily accessible transportation and accommodations. Los Angeles, as you know, is the 'Mecca' of the Eastern tourist and he visits that vicinity by the tens of thousands regularly during the winter season. He has been induced to migrate over the continent primarily through concessions made, and influence exerted by the transcontinental lines, particularly the Santa Fe, but when he arrives in sight of the Pacific he enters a community prepared with the best of accommodations and the determination to satisfy his every want, who pull together as one man for his reception, who do not waste time, each in knocking his neighbor, but rather vie with each other to 'take the stranger in, and be come and goer satisfied, only to return again.

TUBERCULOSIS DECREASING ALL OVER THE ISLANDS

Government Physicians Report That Health Conditions Throughout the Group Are Now Excellent.

TUBERCULOSIS is no longer on the increase in the Hawaiian Islands, according to the returns made by Government physicians to the Board of Health for the month of May. A special query, "Is tuberculosis increasing in the district?" was sent to each Government physician last month, and a negative reply was received from all but two districts. In Ewa, Oahu, Dr. Davis reported, "I think not," and Dr. Wood of Waialua reported in the affirmative. The death records for months past have shown an alarming increase of fatalities resulting from tuberculosis, and the reports of Government physicians of no further spread of the disease is a gratifying surprise.

Good health and sanitary conditions were reported from all the Islands, though with a considerable number of colds and cases of influenza.

Dr. Sandow of Waimea, Kauai, reports: "The general health of Waimea district is exceptionally good. The sanitary conditions were never better. I personally went around with the Deputy Sheriff on a house to house inspection. Whenever necessary a general clean-up was ordered. I also posted circulars calling attention to the dangers arising from filth during the hot season just approaching. The camps of the several plantations are in satisfactory shape; all the houses on Kekaha and Makaweli plantations have been raised from the ground, giving plenty of air space beneath."

Cases of typhoid, chicken pox and influenza are reported in Waimea. At Koolauoko and Koolauloa, Oahu, Dr. Deas reports conditions as "Excellent, except in regard to the inevitable

"It is now up to us to convince the traveler that here is a retreat, equally delightful in winter or summer, where natural beauties abound, a climate always congenial; that we have good and sufficient accommodations, surf bathing, the finest on earth, and incidentally that we can offer securities and investments to delight the hearts of the 3 per cent capitalists of the mainland."

"In short, as our policy is broad and progressive, so we may expect to reap the reward—and to convince others of the many advantages we have to offer, we must first look them up ourselves. No one can successfully propagate a theory unless first himself convinced. "As to methods of accomplishing this, that is a matter for deliberate consideration, and to be determined later. The facts are, however, that here is a business that can be developed annually to an extent equal to the total of the fire claims. There never was a more opportune time to secure it; the question first to be settled is, Have we energy and grit enough to work together untidily for the accomplishment of so desirable an object?"

CASE DOES GOOD WORK AT WAILUKU

Attorney General Dole has received a report from Sheriff Baldwin of Maui on the work before Judge Kalua at the term of court just closed. D. H. Case acted as Deputy Attorney General during the term, and was highly complimented by Sheriff Baldwin, as well as by the members of the jury which acted during the term.

The following is a copy of the letter received by Attorney General Dole: Wailuku, Maui, June 23, 1902. E. P. Dole, Esq., Attorney General.

Dear Sir:—I beg to report that the criminal work before the June term of the Circuit Court of the Second Circuit was closed today, all of the criminal cases having been disposed of with the exception of three cases which go over to the next term.

The grand jury convened on the 4th inst., but adjourned to the following day, upon which day they began work, and adjourned on the 9th inst., having investigated 16 criminal cases, and of which true bills were found in 13 cases.

Of the 13 indictable offenses, 12 cases were tried, in 11 of which convictions were secured, and in one case a nolle prosequi was entered.

The 19 appeal cases were disposed of as follows:

Six convicted.
Three discharged.
Three sentence suspended.
Four nolle prosequi.
Three cases continued until next term.

The total amount for expenses of witnesses will amount to about \$300.

We had a very large calendar this term and I am pleased to say that the cases have been most satisfactorily disposed of.

There was a very large number of witnesses necessarily in attendance upon the court.

Mr. Case, the Deputy Attorney General, has done splendid work, and deserves great credit for what has been done at the term.

I beg to remain,

(Signed) L. M. BALDWIN, Sheriff of Maui.

KAPIOLANI'S GIFT CANOE

A party of Hawaiians visited the National Museum the other day to see the royal yacht of Queen Kapiolani, which she presented to that institution many years ago. The gift was inspired by a visit of this royal personage to the museum when on her way through the United States to England in 1887. Knowing her fondness for aquatic sports, some of the members of her suite suggested that she should see the

malaria affecting those contiguous to the rice patches." He recommends "An official inspection of the drainage for the overflow from rice plantations. The Chinese managers in many cases care nothing for the disposition of the irrigating water after it has served their needs and allowed to stand for days or weeks until convenient to cut a marginal channel, at other times allowing all drains and outlets to remain without flushing, indefinitely."

Dr. Davidson reports conditions in Lahaina, Maui, as very good, and adds: "Of course there is a number of places in a crowded town like Lahaina, which seem almost impossible to keep in a sanitary state. The greatest trouble is with the Porto Ricans and some of the Japanese."

From Wailuku, Maui, Dr. Weddick writes: "I am glad to be able to report that I now have two pol factories built in accordance with regulations of the Board of Health. I now have six coffee shops with sanitary plumbing. These improvements in themselves are a great advance in the sanitary condition of Wailuku."

Dr. McConkey of Makawao, Maui, recommends that "The school teachers, or at least the heads of the various schools, be asked to act as sub-agents of the Board of Health, making their reports to the Government physicians of their respective districts. In this way insubordinate areas could be reported for inspection. This would also make more complete the registrar's records, as the teacher naturally hears of all the births, marriages, etc., of his school district."

Cases of influenza were reported as follows: One at Koloa, Kauai; nine at Kealia and Hanalei, Kauai; two at Makawao, Maui; six at Hana, Maui; seven at North Kona, Hawaii; fourteen at South Kona, Hawaii; twenty-five at North Hilo, and two at Puna, Hawaii.

section devoted to boats. Once there, the Queen took the greatest delight in examining the craft, and explained at length the difference between the canoes used in the Hawaiian Islands and those on exhibition. Nothing the interest of the attendants, she finally said: "I will send you one of my boats for your museum if you would like to have it."

The offer was gladly accepted and on her return home she sent her own royal craft, which, as it hangs on the walls of the museum seems hardly worthy its high sounding title. It is merely a big log, eighteen feet long and eighteen inches wide, hollowed out with rude instruments into the semblance of a canoe. A small float is extended on arms from each side of the canoe, and a sail of rudely plaited straw is supported on rough hewn masts. A large gourd in the bottom suggests that it was not watertight, and a small English flag, which the Queen was wont to stick in the stern of her pleasure boat when off on an outing, indicates where her sympathies lay.—New York Tribune Correspondence.

HE THINKS THE MILLENNIUM HERE

NEW YORK, June 16.—Dr. McArthur, preaching in the Calvary Baptist Church, has declared the ushering in of the millennium already has been partly accomplished. He predicted federation in the near future of all the nations on earth on the basis of the golden rule, and with this country and Great Britain as the dominant factors.

"These are days," he said, "of gigantic enterprises, of large mergers and of world-wide undertakings. Many great trusts, doubtless, are mercenary, but there may be a 'selfless,' altruistic and spiritual trust. There may be an imperialism of love which one day may dominate the world. God is raising up a love trust to offset the 'self trusts' which are menacing our civilization."

"On the basis of the golden rule, a federation of the whole world will one day be accomplished. We are approaching such a federation today."

Young Paul Neumann.

Paul Neumann, son of the famous Paul Neumann, banker, bohemian and soldier of fortune, has started out to make a career for himself as an interesting and romantic as was his father's. He went to Edinburgh three years ago to study medicine and at the end of the second term he enlisted with the military man. He was enlisted in the medical corps and was shipped to South Africa. He did not find patching up wounded soldiers exciting enough and he relieved the monotony by potting Boers whenever the chance offered. On one of these little sorties he dragged back to cover, at the risk of his life, an equally venturesome confederate who had wandered too far afield and received a bullet in his hide. For this Neumann received distinguished service orders and the little silver medal so highly coveted in the British army, which is sometimes given with the orders. Upon his return to England he found it impossible on account of his health to go on with his medical studies, and he is now in New York doing newspaper work.—Town Talk.

Judge Estee has announced his intention of taking a vacation shortly and has requested the presence of members of the bar in court Friday to give an expression of their views. He does not wish his vacation to conflict with legal business now pending, and will consult the wishes of the attorneys as far as possible. The vacation will probably extend from early July until about the middle of August. Judge Estee said he does not intend to leave Hawaii, but will spend his vacation on Tahiti or on one of the other islands.

THE WEEK ON KAUAI

Lihue Reports Hot Weather and Gay Times.

We are having the hottest weather and the gayest time Lihue has seen for many moons.

A very delightful dance was given by Mrs. W. H. Rice, Jr., and Mrs. Charles Rice on the 19th inst. at Kalapaki.

Miss Mary Rice, Mr. Walter Scott, Miss Watt and Mr. Fisher were the honored guests at a dinner party given by Mr. and Mrs. Isenberg on the 11th.

Miss Mary Craig and Miss Georgie Spelker of California are the guests of Miss Anna Rice. Miss Spelker is prominent in society circles in San Francisco.

Miss Susan Watt and Mr. William Fisher were married quietly by the Rev. H. Isenberg on the 18th inst. They have been busy receiving the congratulations of their many friends.

The new corner building of Lihue store is completed and presents a more agreeable sight at the center of town. New coffee saloon and a first class restaurant are opened. The tailoring department is also moved to the new building.

The dance given by the young men of Lihue at the court house on the 24th of May was a very enjoyable occasion. Many lovers of dancing from the other districts of the island were present. Everyone seemed to have enjoyed themselves immensely. Much praise is due Dr. Hutchinson and the rest of the young men for the way they carried the affair through.

Those who attended the dance given by Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Wilcox at Kilauea on the 7th, enjoyed one of the best dances ever given in Lihue. A better place for such an occasion could not be found than the beautiful home of Hon. A. S. Wilcox, with its spacious rooms and handsome furnishings.

Kappelmester Berger and his boys made a lasting impression upon the people of Kauai. If we are sure of having the smiling face of the professor with us two or three times a year in the future, certainly there will be no doubt of our delegates to the Legislature voting for a generous appropriation for the band.

Miss Kaipu of Grove Farm gave a grand luau a few weeks ago on the occasion of her birthday. There were many young people present who drank the delicious output of the Lihue Soda Water Works with a full sense of appreciation of her hospitality, and hoped her many returns of the day. The patronesses were Miss Tieser and Mrs. J. B. Alexander. Mr. DeLacy furnished the dance music.

A number of candidates are being boomed by their friends for Representatives, and every one of them is worth our votes. The most prominent are Mr. Francis Gay, Mr. Edwin O. Omsted, Mr. E. A. Knudsen, Mr. M. A. Rego, Mr. Charles Rice, Mr. George Menden and Mr. S. K. Kaili. From this showing of names and because of the other candidates who are sure to crop up before the convention, we are likely to have a lively time selecting our standard bearers.

Miss Kapuni Ah Chong and Mr. Benjamin Hanalei were united in marriage by the Rev. Kaauwai on Wednesday, May 28, 1902. The ceremony took place at the home of the groom. The parlors and dining halls, where the ceremony was performed, were beautifully decorated with palms and ferns of the true Hawaiian style. The wedding was followed by a luau and a dance, the Lihue Quartet and Mr. DeLacy furnishing the music.

It is believed that the large majority of the Republicans are in favor of going before the people with a straightforward pledge of municipal government for the Islands. It certainly seems impossible that the Republican party could have any other platform. Of course it would not be the design of the party to create a municipal form of government with elective offices to be filled by persons of an opposite political faith. Unless the Republican party can control things, and this coming election will determine, we should stoutly oppose county government. We saw by the last Legislature what can be expected with an illiterate, incompetent, unreliable electorate in the majority. The honesty and competence of the Islands must rule them, and that should settle it.

There are no persons on Kauai so sick of the Home Rulers as the sensible, well informed natives who were fooled into affiliating with that party at the last election. It is believed that the strength of the Republican party this time will be those who were talked over to give the Home Rulers a chance last time. They have had their chance and they showed that they could accomplish absolutely nothing for the good of even their own friends with everything their own way. How much less can they do in the minority, as they will be at the next Legislature? Every vote at the coming election cast for a Home Ruler will be a vote for a dead man, and it will be just as sensible and just as useful if all those who intend voting the Home Rule ticket next November stay at home election day, take a good sleep and dream about the Randerlog party and the Jaberlark Legislature in the hey-day of their glory, before they talked themselves to death.—The Garden Isle.

Examined National Bank.

J. Castle Ridgway of Hilo, Bank Examiner for the Territory of Hawaii, was in Honolulu last week and made a thorough examination of the affairs of the First National Bank of Hawaii. His report will shortly be forwarded to Washington. He will also make an examination of the bank at Wailuku. His official visits to these financial institutions are made twice a year.

COMMON PROPERTY

Public Praise is Public Property—Honolulu People May Profit by Local Experience.

"Grateful people will talk. Tell their experience for the public good. Honolulu citizens praise Doan's Backache Kidney Pills."

Kidney sufferers appreciate this. They find relief for every kidney ill. Read what this citizen says: The Rev. J. Nua of Kawaihau informs us:

"I suffered from kidney trouble, which was, I believe, caused by my lifting heavy weights whilst young. Pains in the small of my back were one of the symptoms of my complaint. My trouble extends back to the time when I was 28 years of age, and as I am now 49, that is a considerable period. During all this time I was subject to pains in the back. They continued despite the fact that I consulted several physicians and took numerous remedies. No relief thus gained can be compared to the benefit obtained from using Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. I have got on wonderfully well since taking them. I am quite satisfied with the result, and shall always have some of the pills by me, even when going from Honolulu to other missionary fields in the South Pacific. There is no other remedy like Doan's Backache Kidney Pills for kidney complaints, including backache."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes for \$2.50), or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

EXHIBITION OF DRAWING AT OAHU

An exhibition of drawing work by the pupils of the preparatory grade of Oahu College is being displayed this week in Pauahi Hall, Punahou. The display covers the walls of one of the rooms just off the hall, which is open to visitors every forenoon of this week except Saturday. The display includes pencil drawings and water colors, and most of the work is done by pupils ranging from 6 to 12 years of age. Much of the work shows that perspective has been one of the principles most taught by Miss Ridgway, the instructor in drawing, and the general composite effect is quite pleasing.

In the colored pieces there are scenes of actual places and in others the imagination has been given free rein. There are scenes of the Palisades, various corners about Punahou, and the beautiful flowering trees of Hawaii have caught the fancy of several.

There are also drawings shown of the advanced scholars of the college, some of which are excellent. Notable among these are two pictures of a calabash and Ulma leis.

Culture a Handicap.

CHICAGO, June 16.—The college graduate is unfit for the practical affairs of life, according to Professor Oscar L. Triggs, of the University of Chicago, who delivered an address before the graduates of the Jewish Training School in Sinai Temple last night. Professor Triggs' address was a plea for more schools of technology and fewer colleges where the literary course is the principal one. He declared that the college man went out into the world unprepared for the conditions that surrounded him; that the ideal of culture which had been so strongly urged upon him can be of service to him only in a state of comparative idleness.

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Drink Primo Lager

Purest of all bottled beers. A sparkling, wholesome beverage, rich in that indescribably pleasing flavor of pure hops. It is the chosen beer of the most discriminating critics. Order from the brewery. Telephone Main 341.

Something New

In the furniture line—Wardrobes and Chiffoniers combined, with full length French plate mirrors in the doors. Also double door wardrobes, with full length French plate mirrors in the doors. While being useful, these wardrobes are a handsome piece of furniture, and add to the appearance of any well furnished house. They are of special construction, and are ABSOLUTELY IN-SECT PROOF.

Our stock of secretary bookcases and library cases was never as large as at present. We have the library bookcases in large and small, with one, two and three doors.

Gentlemen's shaving stands and chiffoniers—just the thing to fill in some unfurnished corner.

Shoe Blacking Cases

Something neat and useful. By using one a short time it will pay for itself.

A full line of LINOLEUM, RUGS, MATTING and SHADES.

J. Hopp & Co.

LEADING FURNITURE DEALERS Corner King and Bethel Sts.

READ IT IN HIS NEWSPAPER.

George Schaub, a well known German citizen of New Lebanon, O., U. S. A., is a constant reader of the Dayton Volkezeitung. He knows that this paper aims to advertise only the best in its columns, and when he saw Chamberlain's Pain Balm advertised therein for lame back, he did not hesitate in buying a bottle of it for his wife, who for eight weeks had suffered with the most terrible pains in her back and could get no relief. He says: "After using the Pain Balm for a few days my wife says to me, 'I feel as though born anew,' and before using the entire contents of the bottle the unbearable pains had entirely vanished and she could again take up her household duties." He is very thankful and hopes that all suffering likewise will hear of her wonderful recovery. This valuable liniment is for sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co. Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

THE VISIT TO MOLOKAI

Board of Health Is Soon to Go.

Contracts for supplies and a discussion of the coming visit to the Molokai Settlement formed the principal topics for discussion at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Health.

A new departure is to be made this year in that only members of the Board of Health will be allowed to make the trip, it having been the custom formerly to take along a representative from each newspaper and also a limited number of relatives of lepers. Arrangements have been made for the trip to take place July 11, and the Inter-Island Steamship Co.'s steamer Noeau will be chartered for the occasion. The trip as now arranged will take two days, though several of the members objected strenuously to extending the time. There was objection also on the part of some of the members to the Noeau because of insufficient cabin accommodations, and a change may be made before the trip is finally arranged. There have been made a good many improvements and changes recently at the settlement, and it is for this reason that a longer time is desired at Kalaupapa. Final arrangements in regard to the matter were left in the hands of Executive Officer Pratt. The Noeau's charter price is \$350.

SUPPLIES PURCHASED.

Tenders were opened yesterday for supplies for the Lepers Settlement and insane asylum and contracts ordered made with the successful bidders. Home firms were given the preference in the purchase of supplies in every instance, though there were numerous bids by mainland agents. The following contracts were authorized, the supplies being for the Settlement except where otherwise specified:

Allen & Robinson—Lumber, shingles, batten and coal.
California Feed Co.—Wheat.
T. H. Davies & Co.—Nails, white lead, lime, bran, flour, condensed milk, coarse salt.
Hackford & Co.—Baking powder, beef, charcoal, matches, condensed milk, sugar, soap. For insane asylum, beans.
Hall & Son—Galvanized iron pipe.
J. A. Hopper & Co.—Galvanized iron pipe, rice. For insane asylum, salmon.
Lewis & Co.—Condensed milk. For insane asylum, brooms, onions, pork, sugar, tomatoes.
Love's Bakery—Bread. For insane asylum, bread.
May & Co.—Coffee (two grades), salmon. For insane asylum, beans, brooms, coffee, flour, salmon, prunes, tomatoes.
Metropolitan Meat Co.—For insane asylum, beefsteak.
Pacific Hardware Co.—Nails (two kinds), boiled oil, turpentine, kerosene oil. For insane asylum, brooms, two varieties.
Wildner & Co.—Doors and window sashes.

FISH MARKET FOR HILO.

Dr. Sloggett reported on his recent trip to Hilo, highly praising Sheriff Andrews and the sanitary arrangements of the city. He said that the Sheriff had promised the use of the prisoners in cleaning a ditch which required attention.

Regarding the fish market application, he stated that he saw no reason for not granting the desired permission, as fish were so high in Hilo now that they could go no higher and the market would not affect the price in the least. The fish inspector will have an office in the market and inspect every fish sold, which cannot be done under the present arrangements. He recommended that the desired permission be granted, which the board voted, the usual regulations to govern.

FOREIGN HEALTH REPORT.

Letters were read from Dr. Cofer reporting upon the health conditions in the Orient and Australia as follows:
At Hong Kong for two weeks ending May 30—Cholera, seventy-seven cases; sixty-seven deaths. Smallpox, two cases; no deaths. Typhoid, one case. Plague, sixty-four cases and sixty-seven deaths.

At Shanghai several deaths from cholera were reported.

At Yokohama one case of smallpox was reported and three cases on a number of Japanese islands.

At Sydney but one case of plague was reported for the week ending May 31st.

OTHER MATTERS.

The new health rules and regulations prepared by a special committee were unanimously adopted, and the old rules of the Board of Health were rescinded by resolution. There was some discussion as to the new pig regulation, which was adopted, however, with an amendment offered by Attorney General Dole.

D. P. Lawrence was appointed registrar by a unanimous vote.

J. J. Donnelly was commissioned an agent of the Board of Health.

Dr. T. McMillan was appointed Government physician at Wailuku, Maui, and his place at Wailua, made vacant by the change, was filled by the election of Dr. K. Hoffman.

Paul Isenberg reported in regard to the condemnation of a building at Nuuanu and Pauoa road that the owner had offered his Chinese tenant \$70 to move and that the building would be vacated and improved.

The request of L. A. Bartlett for permission to visit the settlement was denied.

The petition of Lam Yow for per-

JOHN NOTT WITNESSES TWO CORONATION CELEBRATIONS

WHEN Victoria was crowned Queen of Great Britain and Ireland on June 28, 1838, John Nott, the plumber of Honolulu, was a small boy and watched the coronation procession in the City of Bristol, England. His father walked in the procession as a member of the braziers' craft of tradesmen, and Mr. Nott's remembrance of the great occasion has much to do with the preparations of his parent to participate in the same. Mr. Nott had the misfortune to injure his left leg last week and is unable to leave his house at present, and he fears that on this day, the coronation of King Edward VII, he will be unable to take part in the celebration of the British subjects residing in Honolulu. Mr. Nott's remembrance of the Victorian coronation procession, as told to an Advertiser reporter yesterday, is as follows:

"Well I remember the coronation day of Queen Victoria, which occurred on June 28, 1838, sixty-four years ago, lacking but two days of the exact number of years to that of King Edward. It seems strange to believe that I should be alive on two occasions of such moment to the British nation, bridged by such a long span of years. King Edward's coronation day this 26th of June recalls to my mind with startling vividness the incidents which I beheld on Victoria's coronation day, when I was a lad of about seven years. "I was born in Bristol and my father was also born there, where he followed the trade of a brewer. He became a Freeman of the City of Bristol in August of the same year and I am proud to be the owner of this valuable document which was given into my keeping several years ago. I learned my trade as a brewer under him, and it is due to the fact that he was one of the vast army of English tradesmen, that I remember the procession in Bristol.

"I was a member of the Sunday school of Reckliffe church, and I remember that we gathered at the church under our teachers and marched to one of the principal streets, where we were given a place in the line from which we could see every part of the procession. It was a great day for us little ones, for it meant not only a sight of the procession but a visit to the zoological gardens and a feast afterwards.

"My father, as I have said, was a brewer, and all his craft made a fine appearance on that day. The bosses gave to the men copper from which each fashioned a helmet. On each side was the name 'Victoria' in white letters. On the front side was a brazen star with the letters 'V-R' on either side. When they made brazen shields, which they carried on the left arm, and this was also emblazoned with 'V. R.' They carried in their right hands a sort of mace, made also of copper.

"The helmet which my father wore on that occasion was kept by him up to the time of his death in New York, a little more than a year ago, but unfortunately to dig a pond in the rear of his house at Wailuku his duck pond having been recently condemned, was denied.

Permission was granted two Mormon elders, David Johnson and C. W. Kinney of West Maui, to visit the Settlement in order to confer with members of the church. There was some discussion of the matter and it was decided that as all other sects had been allowed to establish churches at Kalaupapa no distinction should be made in regard to the Latter Day Saints.

GOLD FISH IN WATER TANK

Gold fish in the streams and reservoirs of Nuuanu Valley which supply water for the use of the city residents are said to menace the health of users. It has long been known that the gold fish abounded in the water sources in the upper part of the valley, but few of them went through the big mains, as screens prevented them from entering the openings. The screens, however, did not prevent the passage of spawn into the mains, thus allowing them to be distributed in all sections of the city.

Often times the employees who are in charge of the works at the supply places are compelled to use shovels to remove them, especially after a freshet. At such times they are flung up against the screens in such numbers as to also prevent the water from passing into the mains.

A family which uses water from a large tank, into which water from Lualaba is pumped at intervals, for domestic purposes, noticed that the water had a peculiar taste. Even when used in cooking the food seemed to be affected. Finally members of the family became nauseated after drinking the water, and it was decided then to investigate the tank. The water was drained from it and in the bottom were found a number of gold fish, some of them having been dead for several days.

It is the opinion that the fish developed from spawn which was pumped from the head of Nuuanu Valley through the pipes and thence into the reservoir tank. The family has decided that not only shall all water used for domestic purposes be boiled thoroughly, but that the tank will also be inspected at short intervals.

Gold fish spawn is a source of trouble in many of the districts having to do much with water. In two patches that have become dry, where it is supposed that all life is extinct, gold fish will be found swimming about a short time after water is turned into the place.

Ministers in Slugging Match.

ATHENS, June 14.—The lord governor of Crete has dismissed his minister of the interior, Kumburos, for engaging in a slugging match with the



JOHN NOTT.

fortunately a relative sold it for old copper. I would give hundreds of dollars if I had that helmet to exhibit in Honolulu for King Edward's coronation.

The document making John Nott, Sr., a Freeman of the City of Bristol is an interesting document in many respects. It was granted during the Victorian coronation year, the spelling is unique and old fashioned, while the printed words are in the crude type prevalent in the early part of the last century. It says in part:

"CITY OF BRISTOL.

"Oath of a Burgess.

"You shall be good and true unto her Majesty, Queen Victoria, and to the heirs and successors of the said Queen and to the Lieutenant Master Mayor of the City of Bristol, and the Ministers of the same, and in all causes reasonable you shall be obedient and assistant.

"You shall know none unlawful assemblies, riots or routs proposed to be made against the Queen's laws or peace.

"You shall not take any apprentice that is bond of blood and none other except he be born under the Queen's obedience, and for no less term than seven years, and that he be bound by the indentures to be made by the Town Clerk.

"You shall not take or wear the livery or cloathing of any Lord, Gentleman, or other person, but only your own or your crafts, or of Master Mayor, or of the Lord High Steward of the said City, or of the Sheriffs of the same, so long as you shall be dwelling within this city.

"John Nott, Brazier, is admitted into the liberty of this City, the 6th day of August, 1838. (Signed) John Karle Haberdash, Esquire, Mayor, and for that he was apprentice to Thomas Blinmer, a Freeman of the same."

Russian consul, and being beaten by the Muscovite. Prince George, who is somewhat of a scrapper himself, says it would never do to retain a high official who allowed himself to be licked by a foreigner; the islanders would have no respect for a pummeled minister.

THIS MAHARAJAH HAS \$250,000 IDOL

LONDON, June 14.—The Maharajah of Jaipur, who is fabulously wealthy, has arrived for the coronation with three hundred swarthy retainers. He is residing at Maroy Lodge, Kensington, a row of sixteen houses close by being reserved for his suite. He brought a large golden image of the Hindoo god Krishna, worth \$250,000. One room is set apart as a temple, where pagan worship is carried on daily.

His baggage included 20 huge stone tanks of Ganges water, as all his food must be boiled in water from the sacred river.

PARIS, June 7.—The Maharajah of Jaipur, who stopped here on his way to the coronation of the King of England, travels in unparalleled splendor. His suite comprises 20 dignitaries and 360 servants. His luggage weighs more than 100,000 pounds, not including the presents intended for the King and other curious paraphernalia.

The Maharajah carries a six-months' supply of certain delicacies hard to find in the English markets.

The party had a special steamer from Bombay to Marseilles. I expect him from Marseilles to Paris and to Calais, and a special boat to cross the Channel.

Tolstoi Ill and Feeble.

MOSCOW, June 14.—Anton Tscheboff, the humorous writer and philosopher, who is also a physician, has now charge of the sick Tolstoi at Gaspra. In reply to a telegram from your correspondent, the doctor says: "Tolstoi suffers no longer from any specific disease, but sickness and old age have so undermined his constitution that he is only a wreck of his former self. He is rarely able to sit up even for a while, remaining in bed day and night. Yet I hope that in a month or so I will have him far enough advanced for occasional outings on the balcony or by carriage. He is very weak and looks ill. He owes his life to the countless, who is a most efficient nurse and knows more than ten physicians. His great regret is that so much work of his is unfinished."

HOW TO AVOID TROUBLE.

Now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over, and if procured now may save a trip to town in the night or in your busiest season. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful medicine in use for bowel complaints, both for children and adults. No family can afford to be without it. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Beeson, Smith & Co. Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

RICH LAND

—IN—

Central Kona FOR SALE

By order of REINNE RODANET, Trustee, I offer for sale those certain parcels of land situate at Onouli, South Kona, Island of Hawaii, described in Royal Patent (Grant) No. 1162 to F. O. Schulze, and containing 174 acres. Royal Patent (Grant) No. 2362 to Awahua and containing 739 75-100 acres, situate at Keopuka and Onouli, Island of Hawaii.

This is a tract of land of over 913 acres, situated in the most fertile and richest portion of the Island of Hawaii. It faces the new Government road, extends to the sea, and is five minutes' walk from Kealakekua Bay, by way of the old Government road which runs through the property. Portions of the land are already under cultivation.

This tract is so situated that it is about midway between Kailua and Hookena, and five miles from Napoopoo, three most important ports of the Kona district. It has sufficient elevation, running up to fourteen hundred feet, to be particularly healthful, and its soil is well adapted to the growth of sugar cane, coffee, fruits, dairying, or for the promotion of diversified farming.

Occupants of this land have easy access to several ports for export, and with the advent of the Kona Railroad will find themselves in close communication with the thriving City of Hilo. This, of course, affords a splendid opportunity for the exporting of farm products to the California markets.

With the revival of the Kona Sugar Co., considerable portions of this land can be successfully planted to sugar cane.

This is one of the most splendid opportunities for a good investment that has been put upon the market for a considerable period of time.

Further particulars of

JAMES F. MORGAN,
65 QUEEN STREET.

Castle & Cooke.

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LIFE and FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS. . .

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OF BOSTON.

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HONOLULU.

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The Standard Oil Co.
The George F. Blake Steam Pump, Weston's Centrifugals.

The New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Boston.

The Aetna Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn.

The Alliance Assurance Co. of London.

THE MAN FOR ME!



The Happy Man!
The Man With Force!
The Man With Grit!

The man whose look and action show him to be one of nature's models, the man who grasps your hand with a strength and a smile that say, "I am a man." Show me the man with confidence in himself, the man who does not hesitate to do what he thinks is right, and I will show you a man you can trust.

I ADMIRE MEN OF POWER!!

And I have devoted my life to developing them. I know that Electricity is the force that makes vitality, and I use it to build up men who are nervous, hesitating, sleepless, failing in memory, losing self-confidence, weak in heart and stomach, losing youthful ambition and courage. Men like that, or those with pains in the back, rheumatism, sciatica and those other troubles which follow a loss of nature's vital power, I can cure. I can make them feel young, strong and energetic with my Electric Belt. If you are such a man come to me. My belt is in a class by itself. I take the other kind in trade. Get my book. It has facts you will be interested in. It is free if you enclose this ad.

DR. M. E. McLAUGHLIN, 906 Market Street,
San Francisco, Cal.

This is 'It'

Prices
\$5 00 and \$6 00

The BANISTER is the best shoe sold in Honolulu. Everybody knows that. For dress, there's nothing that quite compares with the



James A. Banister Shoe

They are best in every sense of the word—best in quality, best in fit, best in style and as a natural consequence, best in value

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Limited
1057 FORT STREET.

AMERICAN PACKING.

We wish to call the attention of our readers to the fact that there is at least one house in the United States whose packing of goods for export, family orders or otherwise, is second to none in the world.

This house started out many years ago to compete with European methods of packing, and has received many flattering comments and no complaints of same.

Success and satisfaction may be relied upon by those fortunate persons who send orders to

Smiths' Cash Store.

Nos. 25-27 Market St. San Francisco, Cal., U. S. A.

Cable Address, "Fidelity."

N. B.: You should have their price list if not on file.

F. Clarence Allen, whose good work among them "Aloha Oe" were rendered most acceptably, and the beautiful intonation exercise night before last, headed a college serenade last evening. The serenaders, under Mr. Allen's guitar, played at various residences in excellent work interpreted on his own the heart of the city. The native songs, instrument.

THE V-A-S-E.

From the madding crowd they stand apart,
The maidens four and the work of Art;
And none might tell from sight alone
In which had Culture ripest grown—
The Gotham Million fair to see,
The Philadelphia Pedigree,
The Boston Mind of azure hue,
Or the soulful Soul from Kalamazoo—
For all loved Art in a seemly way,
With an earnest soul and a capital A.
Long they worshipped; but no one broke
The sacred stillness, until up spoke
The Western one from the nameless place,
Who, blushing, said: "What a lovely vase!"
Over three faces a sad smile flew.

And they edged away from Kalamazoo,
But Gotham's haughty soul was stirred
To crush the stranger with one small word.
Deftly hiding reproof in praise,
She cries: "'Tis, indeed, a lovely vase!"
But brief her unworthy triumph, when
The lofty one from the house of Penn,
With a consciousness of two grandpapas,
Exclaims: "It is quite a lovely vase!"
And glances round with an anxious thrill,
Awaiting the word of Beacon Hill.
But the Boston maid smiles courteous,
And gently murmurs: "Oh, pardon me!
I did not catch your remark, because
I was so entranced with that charming vase!"
—James Jeffrey Roche in Life.

The large demand for Vases has induced the Pacific Hardware Co. to place on sale at their Bethel Street Department, an invoice intended for the Holidays:

Fine Cut Glass, Bohemian Glass, Florentine Faience, Majolica, etc., etc., in every variety of design and shape.

PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., Ltd.

BETHEL STREET, ABOVE CASTLE & COOK'S.

Hawaiian Gazette.

Entered at the Postoffice of Honolulu,
H. T. Second-Class Matter.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Per Month, Foreign \$.50
Per Month, Local35
Per Year, Foreign 5.00
Per Year, Local 3.50

Payable Invariably in Advance.

A. W. PEARSON,

Manager.

FRIDAY : : : : JUNE 27

OFFICE-HOLDERS IN POLITICS.

Governor Dole's views upon the political duties and privileges of Territorial office-holders appear below:

Honolulu, June 23rd, 1902.
Mr. J. H. Boyd, Superintendent of Public Works, Territory of Hawaii.
Sir:—In relation to the recent discussion in the Executive meeting on the subject of the political activity of officials my opinion is that while it is not expected that officials shall forego their civil rights in political affairs, they should not use their official authority for the purpose of dominating the political party with which they are connected, or of controlling the result of elections.

A just sense of political propriety should be the best guide in a matter of this kind, which from its very nature does not admit of hard and fast definitions.

I recommend that the above be substituted for the instructions on this subject previously issued.

Very respectfully,
S. B. DOLE.

We do not interpret this letter as meaning that a good Republican in office shall cease to work for his party. He may labor for it along all legitimate lines when his time is not required in the public service; but he must not engage in factional politics, nor pack primaries or conventions nor manipulate electoral results nor in any way "do politics" in the offensive sense which one naturally identifies with the professional job-chaser. He may, we should think, belong to campaign committees, make speeches, march in parades and write political matter for the press. These are among the rights he enjoys as an American citizen. But there is a wide difference between a party man thus active, and an offensive partisan. It is one, to quote Gov. Dole's phrase, which a sense of official propriety may be relied upon to define.

A TOURIST AGENCY.

The idea of having a Hawaiian tourist agency at San Francisco is a good one, but there ought also to be such a bureau at Los Angeles.

Sixty-five percent of the tourists who visit California go first to Los Angeles or to another point in the southern part of the State. They stay there until warm weather approaches and then go home via San Francisco. If they did not come West on round-trip tickets they book for the East at Los Angeles and, when they get into the coast metropolis on a stop-over, are already booked for home by an early train. The place to catch the most of the tourist trade is at Los Angeles in winter; the object should be to get the tourists who flock there—and who often complain because it isn't warm enough—to divide their vacations between Southern California and Hawaii.

An agency at San Francisco would be useful but not at the expense of one at Los Angeles.

Kitchener's popularity has half-eclipsed the fame of Roberts as the real hero on the English side of the Boer war. It was Roberts who put an end to the organized resistance of the Boers by capturing their two capitals and their principal towns, forts and arsenals, seizing their railroads, cutting off their supplies from abroad and driving Kruger to Europe. After that the Boers became guerrillas and the task of suppressing them was quite like that of eradicating ordinary brigandage and did not require an officer of Lord Roberts' rank and experience.

If the Queen has any title to the crown lands she ought to bring suit to establish it. The fact that she prefers to have Congress act, is not merely an evidence of thrift but a sign of fear that the courts would decide against her. Doubtless it encourages her to think that a Congressional commission may come and look into the matter, though there is a yawning divergence, as past experience must have taught her, between the favorable report of a commission and the ultimate action of Congress.

George A. Davis has been granted another big fee by his friend Judge Gear. This time the sum is \$1500. It calls for so much unselfishness on the part of a \$250 per month judge to pass over other people's money in big bunches to a former business partner, as to prompt, in the breast of every sympathizing man, a feeling of regret that the law does not encourage the parties to divide.

It may turn out that South Africa was as fortunate in Cecil Rhodes' death as in his life. Reconciliation between Boer and Briton will be far easier with Cecil Rhodes absent from the scene. No Boer ever felt homelike when the name of the great imperialist was mentioned.

The general meaning of Gov. Dole's civil service reform circular is that when a Territorial official makes himself an offensive partisan he will lose his job. The meaning of the phrase "offensive partisanship" is left to his own common sense.

The rumor that the Panama lobby is free with inducements is borne out by the sudden appearance of Delegate Wilcox in the group of its champions.

The President has enlarged the Pope's interest in the strenuous life by sending him a copy of his book on broken hunting.

Current question back East: If you were rich, would you have a Panama hat or a rib roast?

Hawaii may expect to get a Rhodes scholarship about the time it gets a Carnegie library.

THE WORLD SALUTES.

A world-wide observance of any special holiday, such as the coronation of modern date. A hundred years ago and less, about two-thirds of the globe was a terra incognita to the European; that is to say, the European knew little of Africa, Australia, South America, western North America and a part of Asia than could be learned from a view of their coasts. Moreover news went slowly then; and it is conceivable that even a British coronation, with its long foreground of publicity, would not have been heard of in some remote English and foreign settlements until after the event.

In the advance of civilization and in the means of passing the word since the time of George III, and even the later day of Victoria, makes the coronation day of Edward VII one, which British subjects in every part of the world may respond to at the same moment of solar time. There are but few places such as islands without cables and Arctic solitudes, which are not in electric touch with London. What has been done today in the British capital is already known in Darkest Africa, at Stanley Falls, at Khartoum, in the German hinterland and in Rhodesia. It is known in the recesses of Brazil and Patagonia, on the Yukon river, in the far Northwest of Siberia, in Manchuria, at Teheran, at Hobart Town and in Jerusalem. With the development in cable and wireless telegraphy it may be possible, before the next coronation, to have ships at sea and exploring parties near the pole apprised of every step of the regal ceremony.

The changes of time are also shown in the attitude of the people towards the accession of a new King. In olden days disturbances were always to be feared and the army was alert; but now any constitutional sovereign takes the throne amid a well-nigh universal feeling of good will. It is not that the people have altered; they are still tenacious of their rights and liberties; but kings themselves have changed for the better and now make it their high duty to serve rather than to govern. They are no longer the masters; they are either the permanent executives or the convenient figure-heads of State. Edward VII threatens to be more humble; no Lord High Executioner follows in his train. And so it comes about that the cry "God Save the King," which has rolled around the world, is not a mere service of the lip. His fellow-human beings are sincerely glad at heart to see him live and prosper and make his reign useful to the world.

SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY.

The idea of a Saturday half-holiday, applying to all salaried workers and as many others as will take it, rests on the established fact that the white man cannot labor in the tropics as he does in northern latitudes and keep his health. He may go on for a time and not feel the effects; but his working capacity will begin to decline before it is over and he will have to rest up his span of years should call for it. Workers work on first; but not workers do not last much longer.

In most tropical cities but this one holidays are frequent, the siesta between eleven a. m. and three p. m. is an institution and Saturday is a day for recreation—Saturday and Sunday both. This custom did not come of mere indolence, or of laziness, or of laziness itself was nature's valid protest against too much work under a vertical sun. In old times there was something very like it in Honolulu; but the influx of people from the North drove it out, and now our business men strive and delve and keep things going from sunrise to sundown or late evening, quite as they did when they lived in a crisp and bracing atmosphere. It is doubtful if they make any more money by it in the long run; it is certain that they and their employees lose in vitality.

To the physical needs of white men and women workers in the tropics, a Saturday half-holiday is not a radical concession; but it is a thoroughly reasonable one and could be adopted without causing any irreparable inconvenience to the selling or buying public.

AN INSULT FROM THE BENCH.

Though the President of the United States has seen fit to send a special embassy to attend the coronation of King Edward and though the Governor of the Territory has acted in the same spirit of cordiality toward a friendly power, it remains for Judge A. S. Humphreys to signalize the day by an elaborate insult to the British people.

We do not complain of his refusal to adjourn his court. In fact any evidence of a desire to work and not to take a vacation or recess entitles him to a certain amount of praise. But it was most offensive in him, a man claiming, however falsely, the title of "United States Judge" and being a Territorial appointee of the President, to take such an occasion as this to arraign the British government and people and to strain of impertinence which even a maze of turgid rhetoric does not conceal, to draw comparisons against them in favor of the Boers.

Our British fellow citizens are naturally incensed. They could look for ill-breeding and claptrap politics in a man of Humphreys' character and antecedents and pass the thing off as considering the source; but when an elaborate insult is visited upon them by a judicial appointee of the President of the United States, their offence takes an acute form. We do not doubt that this feeling will be shared by the President if the matter is properly brought to his notice.

It is not likely that there will be any change in the status of the Roman Catholic Church in these islands for a long time to come. This is not a See in the American sense but a "mission" to the heathen, especially entrusted by the Pope to a French religious order. If complaints existed, like those in the Philippines, Rome might see the advisability of a change; but the great mass of Catholics here seems to be satisfied with the status quo and not desirous of seeing the relation with the Bishop of Honolulu altered.

King Edward has always been a good friend of America and Americans, and his report of the reception given him in the United States just before the rebellion, largely influenced the Queen in sending him the advice of her ministers to interfere on behalf of the South in our Civil War. So on the whole King Edward has been a good investment for us.

Judge Bates' course in adjudging the United States Court in honor of the British coronation was in the best of taste and feeling and will be appreciated by Americans as well as British residents here.

BRITONS HOLD A CELEBRATION AT CATHEDRAL

(Continued from Page 1.)

Consul A. Vizzavona, Italian Consul F. A. Schaefer (Dean of the Consular Corps), Mrs. Schaefer, Netherlands Consul H. M. von Holt, Mrs. von Holt, Acting Chilean Consul H. Focke, Portuguese Consul A. De Souza Canavarro, Japanese Consul Miki Saito, Madame Saito, German Consul H. A. Isenberg, Mrs. Isenberg, Swedish Consul H. W. Schmidt, Chinese Consul Yang Wei Pin, Vice Consul Goo Kim, Chinese Secretary Dr. Li Kwang Heng, Vice Consul Wong Wwai Chief Justice and Mrs. Frear, Admiral Merry, U. S. N.; Dr. W. H. Taylor, U. S. N.; Captain Thomas of the U. S. F. C. S. Albattross, Dr. L. E. Cofer, U. S. M. H. S.; Mrs. Cofer, Dr. H. C. Sloggett, Major Davis, U. S. A.; Mrs. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Alastair Atkinson, W. H. Wright, James H. Boyd, Adjutant General Soper, Captain Hawes, Captain Williamson, U. S. A.; Hon. S. M. Damon, W. G. E. H. Stackable, Captain White, U. S. N.

In the chancel were the Rev. Canons Alexander Mackintosh, Vincent H. Kitcher, A. B. Weymouth, William Ault, Rev. John Osborne of St. Clement's chapel, Rev. A. C. Wilson of Sausalito, and Rev. Frank Fitz. Wray Taylor presided at the organ. The choir was composed of the stippled singers from the Cathedral and St. Clement's, and the volume of song throughout the services was most impressive, notably in Sullivan's "O King of Kings," and in the anthem by Handel, "Zadok the Priest."

The service was entitled "The Coronation Office," adapted for general use on the Coronation day, and the prayers were those used in Westminster Abbey, with such alterations as were rendered necessary for use in the United States. As the choir and clergy entered the Cathedral the people stood and remained standing during the first anthem. Rev. Canon Ault chanted the litany in which appeared the appeal for their majesties and all the royal family.

Instead of using the prayer book, all the service used on the occasion, together with the special program, were incorporated in a handsome souvenir form, the cover reading:

THE FORM AND ORDER OF SERVICE
To Be Used In
ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL
By Request of the British Residents, on
THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1902.
Being the
CORONATION DAY
Of Their Britannic Majesties
KING EDWARD VII
and
QUEEN ALEXANDRA
Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii.

The full service was as follows:

Anthem—Psalm CXXII, verses 1, 2, 6 and 7—C. E. Horsley.
I was glad when they said unto me,
We will go into the House of the Lord.
Our feet shall stand in thy gates, O Jerusalem. Jerusalem is built as a city that is at unity in itself.
Pray for the peace of Jerusalem;
Thy shall prosper that love thee.
Peace be within thy walls, and plenty-ness within thy Palaces.
Then let the priest say:
Let us pray for the good estate of His Britannic Majesty King Edward and of the Church and people committed to his charge.

THE LITANY.

All Kneeling.
O God the Father, of heaven: have mercy upon us miserable sinners.
O God the Father, of heaven: have mercy upon us miserable sinners.
O God the Son, Redeemer of the world: have mercy upon us miserable sinners.
O God the Son, Redeemer of the world: have mercy upon us miserable sinners.

Oh God the Holy Ghost, proceeding from the Father and the Son: have mercy upon us miserable sinners.
Oh God the Holy Ghost, proceeding from the Father and the Son: have mercy upon us miserable sinners.
O holy, blessed, and glorious Trinity, three Persons and one God: have mercy upon us miserable sinners.
O holy, blessed, and glorious Trinity, three Persons and one God: have mercy upon us miserable sinners.

Remember not, Lord, our offences, nor the offences of our forefathers; neither take thou vengeance of our sins: spare us, good Lord, spare thy people, whom thou hast redeemed with thy most precious blood, and be not angry with us for ever.
Spare us, good Lord.
From all evil and mischief; from sin, from the crafts and assaults of the devil; from thy wrath, and from everlasting damnation.
Good Lord, deliver us.
From all addition, privy conspiracy, and rebellion; from all false doctrine, heresy, and schism; from hardness of heart, and contempt of thy Word and Commandment.

Good Lord, deliver us.
By the mystery of thy holy Incarnation, by thy holy Nativity and Circumcision; by thy Baptism, Fasting, and Temptation.
Good Lord, deliver us.
By thine Agony and bloody Sweat; by thy Cross and Passion, by thy precious Death and Burial, by thy glorious Resurrection and Ascension; and by the coming of the Holy Ghost.
Good Lord, deliver us.
In all time of our tribulation; in all time of our wealth; in the hour of death, and in the day of judgment.
Good Lord, deliver us.
We sinners do beseech thee to hear us, O Lord God; and that may please thee to rule and govern thy holy Church universal in the right way.
We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to keep and strengthen in the true worshiping of thee, in righteousness and holiness of life, thy Servant EDWARD, King of Great Britain and Ireland and the dominions thereto belonging.
We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.
That it may please thee to rule his heart in the faith, fear, and love, and that he may eternally have alliance in thee, and ever seek thy honour and glory.
We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to bless and preserve Her Britannic Majesty Queen Alexandra, George Prince of Wales, the Princess of Wales, and all the Royal Family.
We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.
That it may please thee to bless and preserve Her Britannic Majesty Queen Alexandra, George Prince of Wales, the Princess of Wales, and all the Royal Family.

Teach us to know the Father, Son, and thee, of both, to be but one. That, through the ages all along, This may be our endless song.

(Continued on Page 2.)

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The open season for doves begins here July 1st.

Locomobiles will run at regular hack rates. Ring up Blue 2452 and secure one for the ball.

Miss Ridgway, instructor in drawing at Oahu College, will leave for Hilo next week for the summer.

A meeting of the Democratic committee will be held within a few days to elect a successor to Chairman McCarthy.

Secure reserved seats for St. Louis College entertainment for June 26th by ringing up Territorial Messenger Service, Main 361.

Miss Mary-Elizabeth Lewis, instructor in literature at Oahu College, leaves in the Moana for Vancouver on July 2, whence she will leave for home in the east. She will not return to Honolulu.

It is said that Bishop Gulistan's visit to California is for the purpose of arranging a transfer of the Catholic church here to American jurisdiction, though Catholic churchmen here deny the story.

T. F. Sedgwick, special agricultural agent, left yesterday for Kula, Maui, to be gone for a week. The United States Experimental Bureau is conducting experiments with potatoes in the Kula district, and Sedgwick will note the progress of the work already made.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Kohala Sugar Company was held yesterday morning, at which the action of the Board of Directors in extending the charter and regarding the bond issue was ratified. It was decided also to donate an acre of land to the Catholic church at Kohala.

(From Thursday's daily.)

C. S. Holloway defeated A. L. C. Atkinson at yesterday's session in the Blks' ping pong tournament.

Secretary Cooper, who has been ill for several weeks, was at his office again yesterday morning for a few minutes.

Misses May and Charlotte Ferreira, who have been teaching in Kona, Hawaii, are spending their vacation in Honolulu.

The government offices, banks and many of the business houses will close at noon today, because of the coronation of King Edward.

Masons living on the island of Kauai are preparing to organize a lodge, and will soon apply for a charter. The lodge headquarters will probably be Lihue.

Commissioner Wray Taylor has appointed three judges of the flowers for the coming agricultural fair—Mrs. S. Allen, Mrs. E. D. Tenney and Mrs. W. A. Henshall.

The 20 new oil tank cars for the Oahu railway have been nearly completed. They are to be used in conveying petroleum to the various island plantations.

The Rev. Mr. Wilson, who returned yesterday on the Albattross, this being his second trip, is reported to have benefited from the journey and is now enjoying much improved health.

The Paradise of the Pacific for June is out.

Judge Robinson held court all day yesterday trying to finish up the contested case, which has been occupying his attention this week.

The Honolulu Brewery is building a \$50,000 storage house at its plant in Kakaako. Room will be made for the storage of 5000 more barrels of beer.

Mrs. Dole will not receive today—Friday, the 27th—and she will not receive on Friday, the Fourth of July. After that the usual reception will be held every Friday from 3 to 6.

J. Aheong et al. have sued the Haku Sugar Company, claiming valuable land in Kaupakalua, Maui, and \$1800 damages for trespass. It is alleged that the defendant has been occupying the land in question for six years without legal right or authority of law.

The first of the Primo beer saloon licenses will be out on the first of July, and Treasurer Wright will not reissue it. Henry Klemme holds the license and runs a saloon in Kakaako. There are nine or ten other Primo saloons whose licenses expire next month.

That it may please thee to illuminate all Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, with true knowledge and understanding of thy Word; and that both by thy preaching and living they may set it forth, and shew it accordingly; We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to endue the Lords of the Council, and all the Nobility, with grace, wisdom, and understanding; We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to bless and keep the Magistrates, giving them grace to execute justice, and to maintain truth; We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to bless and keep all thy people; We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to give to all nations unity, peace and concord; We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord.

Son of God: we beseech thee to hear us; Son of God: we beseech thee to hear us.

O Lamb of God: that takest away the sins of the world; Grant us thy peace.
O Lamb of God: that takest away the sins of the world; Have mercy upon us.
O Christ, hear us.
O Christ, hear us.
Lord, have mercy upon us.
Christ, have mercy upon us.
Lord, have mercy upon us.

THE COMMUNION OFFICE.
Introit—Veni Creator—T. Attwood.
All Standing.

Come, Holy Ghost, our souls inspire, And lighten with celestial fire. Thou the anointing Spirit art, Who dost thy seven-fold gifts impart.

Thy blessed Unction from above, Is comfort, life, and fire of love. Enable with perpetual light The dullness of our blinded sight.

Anoint and cheer our sorrowed face With the abundance of thy grace. Keep far our foes, give peace at home; Where thou art guide, we will come.

Teach us to know the Father, Son, And thee, of both, to be but one. That, through the ages all along, This may be our endless song.

(Continued on Page 2.)

Old as the Pyramids

And as little changed by the ages, is Scrofula, than which no disease, save Consumption, is responsible for a larger mortality, and Consumption is its outgrowth.

It affects the glands, the mucous membranes, tissues and bones; causes buncches in the neck, catarrhal troubles, rickets, inflamed eyelids, sore ears, cutaneous eruptions, etc.

"I suffered from scrofula, the disease affecting the glands of my neck. I did everything I was told to do to eradicate it, but without success. I then began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the swelling in my neck entirely disappeared and my skin resumed a smooth, healthy appearance. The cure was complete." Miss ANITA MITCHELL, 915 Scott St., Covington, Ky.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Thoroughly eradicate scrofula and build up the system that has suffered from it.

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HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Machinery of every description made to order.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line. Tickets are issued.

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:
Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephens and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver. Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to
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Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line, Canadian Pacific Railway.

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Capital of the Company and Reserve, reischmarks 5,000,000
Capital their reinsurance companies 101,850,000
Total reischmarks 107,850,000

North German Fire Insurance Co OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and Reserve, reischmarks 8,390,000
Capital their reinsurance companies 35,000,000
Total reischmarks 43,390,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited

The Elgin

WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING.

Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us, that price considered, the Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in

Nickle, Silver, Gold Filled and Solid Gold.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS reach us right.

ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time-keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

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Wm. G. Irwin & Co., LIMITED.

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Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool

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Scottish Union National Insurance Company of Edinburgh.

Williams of Magdeburg General Insurance Company.

Associated Assurance Co., Ltd. of Munich and Berlin.

Humboldt-Bremer Fire Insurance Co

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Asts.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Now is the Time to Plant SEEDS

A large shipment of fresh seeds has just been received.

It is not necessary to send to the coast for garden or vegetable seeds when the same may be had in a few days from the

Hollister Drug Company Honolulu, Hawaii.

The Bank of Hawaii LIMITED.

Incorporated Under the Laws of the Republic of Hawaii.

CAPITAL \$500,000.00
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:
Chas. M. Cooke President
P. C. Jones Vice President
C. H. Cooke Cashier
F. C. Atherton Assistant Cashier
Directors—Henry Waterhouse, Tom May, F. W. Macfarlane, E. D. Tenney, J. A. McCandless.

Solicits the Accounts of Firms, Corporations, Trusts, Individuals, and will promptly and carefully attend to all business connected with banking entrusted to it. Sell and Purchase Foreign Exchange, Issue Letters of Credit.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Ordinary and Term Deposits received and interest allowed in accordance with rules and conditions printed in pass books, copies of which may be had

MUST PAY INCOME TAX

Returns for income tax for the present year must again be made by the citizens of the Territory during the month of July. Treasurer Wright has sent out such notices to all the Assessors of the Islands, and "By Authority" advertisements are published for the first time today.

Citizens of the Territory who paid their income tax last November under protest, expecting to secure a refund of their money when the Supreme Court knocked out the law, were disagreeably surprised when that body upheld the action of the Legislature in its more important details. Then hope arose again when the commercial bodies of the city announced their intention of appealing to the United States Supreme Court, attorneys assuring them that the statute would undoubtedly be killed in the highest court of the land. The failure to perfect the appeal has, however, left the law still on the statute books and Treasurer Wright is going ahead on the sound theory that the law is good until proven otherwise. The notices published today that returns must again be made will come as a rather unwelcome surprise to the people who believed that the income tax paid in November would be the last collected (at least for a year), as the Supreme Court of the United States would declare the law invalid. No appeal has been taken, though it would not be surprising if such action would now be taken.

The income tax hits Oahu Island the hardest, as the returns for all sugar plantations must be made to Assessor Pratt in this city. Last year the collections in Honolulu were \$252,311.71, which was nearly one-third of the total tax collected on the island. The tax collected on Oahu from all sources last year was \$922,820.01, and the tax officials expect the total to be larger this year. They anticipate, however, a reduction in the amount of the income tax collections, because of the fact that a number of the plantations have been rather backward in the matter of paying dividends this year. Slack business and lower rents is also given by officials as a reason why the income tax returns will be smaller this year than before.

Though the 2 per cent tax is assessable only against persons receiving an income of more than \$1000 per annum, returns must be made to the Assessor by all persons in the Territory receiving an income in excess of \$600. This will include the majority of people in the Islands and the Assessors promise to have a busy time during the month of July when all returns must be in.

The following are the provisions of the law governing returns:

Section 6. It shall be the duty of all persons of lawful age having an income of \$600 or more for the preceding year from all sources and of all corporations made liable to income tax to make and render a list or return, between the first and thirty-first days of July of each year, in such form as the Treasurer of the Territory may direct, to the Assessor of the Division in which such persons or corporations reside, locate or do business of the amount of their or its income, gains and profits as aforesaid; and all guardians, trustees, executors, administrators, agents, receivers, and all corporations or persons acting in a fiduciary capacity, shall make or render a list or return as aforesaid to the assessor of the division in which such person or corporation acting in a fiduciary capacity resides or does business of the amount of income, gains and profits of any person or person for whom they act, and the assessor shall require every list or return to be verified by the oath or affirmation of the person or authorized officer of the corporation making the same.

If any person or corporation refuse or neglect to render such return within the time required as aforesaid, or renders a return which in the opinion of the assessor is false and fraudulent or contains any understatement, it shall be lawful for the assessor to summon such person, or any of the officers of such corporation or any person having possession, custody or care of books of accounts containing entries relating to the business of such person or corporation, or any other person he may deem proper, wherever residing or found, to appear before him and produce such books at a time and place named in the summons, and to give testimony or answer interrogations under oath respecting any income liable to tax or the returns thereof. False, wilful testimony given before such assessor shall be deemed perjury and punishable as such.

SPECIAL RETURN OF CORPORATIONS

Section 5. Every corporation doing business for profit in the Territory shall make and render to the assessor of its tax division, between the first and thirty-first days of July of each year, beginning with the year 1901, a full return verified by oath or affirmation of its duly empowered officer, in such form as the Treasurer of the Territory may prescribe, of all the following matters for the whole twelve months ending June 30th last preceding:

First. The gross receipts of such corporation from sales made at home or abroad, and from all kinds of business of any name or nature.

Second. The expenses of such corporation, exclusive of interest, annuities and dividends.

Third. The amount paid on account of interest annuities and dividends stated separately.

Fourth. The amount expended on permanent improvements.

Fifth. The amount paid in salaries or compensation of more than \$500 to each person employed, and the name and amount paid to each.

Italy Defied by the Sultan

ROME, June 14.—The king received in audience Deputy Morgardi, whom he sent to Tripoli on a secret mission. As a consequence of Morgardi's investigations the Tripoli expedition may be abandoned. The deputy reports that when he asked the Turkish governor what he would do in case an attempt was made to annex Tripoli, the governor said: "We will resist to the last man, to the last franc piece in our possession, because Tripoli is not only a province of the Ottoman empire, but the gate to vast countries inhabited by 80,000,000 of Moslems."

BRITONS HOLD A CELEBRATION AT CATHEDRAL

(Continued from Page 4.)

Praise to thy eternal merit, Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.

All Kneeling.

Our Father, who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done on earth, as it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation; but deliver us from evil. Amen.

THE COLLECT.

Almighty God, unto whom all hearts are open, all desires known, and from whom no secrets are hid; cleanse the thoughts of our hearts by the inspiration of thy Holy Spirit, that we may perfectly love thee, and worthily magnify thy holy Name; through Christ our Lord. Amen.

O God, who providest for thy people by thy power, and rulest over them in love, grant unto thy servant EDWARD the spirit of wisdom and government, that being devoted unto thee with all his heart, he may so wisely govern his kingdom, that in his time thy Church and people may continue in safety and prosperity; and that persevering in good works unto the end he may, through thy mercy, come to thine everlasting kingdom, through Jesus Christ, thy Son our Lord. Amen.

The Epistle. 1 Pet. II. 13:

Submit yourself to every ordinance of man for the Lord's sake, whether it be to the King as supreme; or unto Governors, as unto them that are sent by him for the punishment of evil-doers, and for the praise of them that do well. For so is the will of God, that with well-doing ye may put to silence the ignorance of foolish men. As free, and not using your liberty for a cloak of maliciousness, but as the servants of God. Honour all men. Love the brotherhood. Fear God. Honour the King.

The Gospel. St. Matthew xxii. 15: Then went the Pharisees, and took counsel how they might entangle Him in His talk. And they sent out unto Him their disciples with the Herodians, saying, Master, we know that thou art true, and teachest the way of God in truth, neither carest thou for any man; for thou regardest not the person of men. Tell us therefore, What thinkest thou? Is it lawful to give tribute unto Caesar, or not? But Jesus perceived their wickedness, and said, ye tempt ye me, ye hypocrites? Shew me the tribute-money. And they brought unto Him a penny. And He saith unto them, Whose is this image and superscription? They say unto Him, Caesar's. Then saith He unto them, Render therefore unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's; and unto God the things that are God's. When they had heard these words, they marvelled, and left Him, and went their way.

Then followeth the Nicene Creed. I believe in one God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth, and of all things visible and invisible; And in one Lord Jesus Christ, the only begotten Son of God, begotten of His Father before all worlds, God of God, Light of Light, Very God of very God, Begotten, not made, being of one substance with the Father, by whom all things were made; Who for us men, and for our salvation came down from heaven, And was incarnate by the Holy Ghost of the Virgin Mary, And was made man, And was crucified also for us under Pontius Pilate. He suffered and was buried, And the third day he rose again according to the Scriptures, And ascended into heaven, and sitteth on the right hand of the Father. And he shall come again with glory to judge all men, both the quick and the dead: Whose kingdom shall have no end. And I believe in the Holy Ghost, the Lord and Giver of Life, Who proceedeth from the Father and the Son, Who with the Father and the Son together is worshipped and glorified, Who spake by the Prophets. And I believe one Catholic and Apostolic Church. I acknowledge one Baptism for the remission of sins, And I look for the Resurrection of the dead, And the life of the world to come. Amen.

THE SERMON.

Preacher—The Rev. Canon Mackintosh.

Rev. Alexander Mackintosh took for his text the words of David the Anointed of Israel. "Great deliverance giveth he to his King. He is wonderful among the kings of the earth; He giveth salvation unto kings." Mr. Mackintosh said in part:

What true and perfect satisfaction there is in the heart of every being when he sees that done which is done for the glorification of God. What joy and peace will reign throughout the world to those who can pierce through the outward and visible signs of the great event which takes place today in England and can reach the inward spiritual grace. If, in the gorgeous pageantry, the solemn ceremony, the significant forms, the true meaning and object can be perceived, there will be wrought a wondrous change in both sovereign and people. The coronation of a Christian monarch is not the glorification of a man. It is the anointing of a ruler, the choosing and seating of a vicegerent, to carry out the will and plans of the King of Kings and Lord of Lords on earth.

It is meet and right then to lay the earth under tribute to give due honor to such an event. For this reason the place of the coronation of the King of one of the mightiest nations upon earth is within one of the most noble and stately temples dedicated to the King of Kings, Westminster Abbey in England. The soul which is not stirred by the mere name of this glorious name is indeed dead to all that is noble and generous and good. The ashes of the illustrious dead speak from their tombs and their monuments cry out to the world to be exalted to holier things within its walls, if God has willed it so to be, a great congregation is assembled on this day, representing all the nations upon earth, to witness the crowning of a King and his coronation, to witness the dedication of these beings to the service of the creator of all worlds. But not only do we witness this dedication, this vast assemblage meet. The multitude will fall down before the throne of the Ruler of the Universe in humble supplication and invoke his aid, and beseech him to send his holy spirit that he may pour upon the King and Queen the seven-fold gifts, without which nothing is pure or holy and nothing can prosper.

Could there be anything more solemn than to see a man descended from the race of kings humbly kneeling in the presence of his God and before his people, vowing to rule according to God's law, the law contained in the Bible which his august mother pointed to when asked by Queen Emma, beloved of Hawaii, what was the source and fountain of the power and might of the English nation?

The preacher went on to explain this different insignia represented in the coronation of the King. He emphasized the fact that it depended as much upon the people as upon the ruler for the peace and happiness of the nation. He said the King had a hard road to travel in following such a wise and august ruler as his mother. He was, however, the undisputed and the capacious sovereign of the whole realm and that realm is at peace with the rest of the world, which is a source of great gratification to him. It was a source of great grief to his mother that her people were at war with such a noble people as the Boers, but now that war is happily terminated.

The preacher went on to say that King Edward was not an untired ruler, for as Prince of Wales, acting in his mother's stead, he endeared himself to all classes of society by his gracious manners and he has a good grasp of the situation of affairs. The Queen is beloved for her many estimable qualities. All these things will undoubtedly serve them both and give them encouragement to fulfill their regal duties. He will need the wise statesmen that his mother had, because storms will arise and it is generally the lofty forest trees which feel their full force. The prayers which rulers of other countries are offering to God for the King and Queen of England will prove an earnest for their own deliverance from evil. People must recognize this and their loyalty must be shown in deed and not merely in word. Individuals can, by only an outward show of loyalty to their flag, do much to injure the reputation of their King and country. Let us who are thankful that we have sprung from British blood do our best to exalt our nation. Let all, especially those who are sharing the hospitality of their brethren of the same race in this land, prove themselves worthy of their race. Let our prayers for those in authority be fervent and frequent. Then let our prayers for the King and Queen of England be acceptable in the sight of him who said, "By me kings reign."

Hymn—"O King of Kings"—Sir A. Sullivan. Oh King of kings, whose reign of old Hath been from everlasting, Before whose throne their crowns of gold The white-robed saints are casting; While all the shining courts on high, With angel songs are ringing, Oh let Thy children venture nigh, Their lowly homage bringing.

For every heart, made glad by Thee, And with thankful praise is swelling; And every tongue, with joy set free, Its happy theme is telling. Thou hast been mindful of Thine own And lo! we come confessing—"Tis Thou hast dowered our country's throne With many years of blessing.

Lead on, O Lord, Thy people still, New grace and wisdom giving, To larger love, and purer will, And nobler heights of living. And, while of all Thy love below They chant the glorious story, Oh teach them first Thy Christ to know, And magnify His glory. Amen.

Then came one of the most important features of the service, when every British mind was carried far away across seas and continents to the stately Westminster Abbey, where the crowns were laid upon the heads of Edward and Alexandra. As the Rev. John Osborne arose in the altar space and read to the congregation, which stood in silence, the proclamation of the Archbishop of Canterbury that the sovereigns were the undoubted King and Queen of Great Britain, the occasion reached the heights of solemnity. The minister said to the people:

On this day His Britannic Majesty King Edward VII. in the "Form recommended for use in the churches of the Church of England throughout His Majesty's Empire," is proclaimed as undoubted King. The Proclamation, Rite, Ceremonies and Ancient Customs of Coronation being set forth in the manner following:

Slane—I proclaim unto you Edward, the Son of Her Majesty the late most-gracious Queen Victoria, as our undoubted King. This Day the King and Queen are anointed and Crowned in manner following. First His Majesty takes the Oath pertaining to his High Office, to govern the people of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the Dominions thereto belonging, according to the Statutes in Parliament agreed on and to the respective Laws and Customs of the same; to cause Law and Justice, in Mercy, to be executed in all His Judgments; to the utmost of His power to maintain the Laws of God, the true profession of the Gospel, and the Protestant Reformed Religion established by Law; and to preserve inviolably the Settlements of the Church of England, and the Doctrine, Worship, Discipline, and Government thereof as by Law established in England.

Then His Majesty is solemnly anointed, as Kings, Priests, and Prophets of old made and consecrated to teach and govern the people of Israel. He then is girded with the Sword of Justice; invested with the Imperial Robes; presented with the Orb, the Ring, the Sceptre of the Cross, the Sceptre of the Dove, the Ensigns of Kingship Power and Justice.

Then His Majesty is Crowned in the ancient Chair of Saint Edward. And being Crowned he is presented with the Holy Bible, the most valuable thing this world affords, wherein is Wisdom, wherein is the Royal Law, wherein are the lively Oracles of the King. After the Coronation of the King the Queen also is anointed and Crowned. And finally the King receives the Homage of the Peers and Bishops, who have been summoned for that purpose. Then shall be said this Prayer, all still standing:

From the Anointing—O Lord, Holy Father, who by anointing with oil didst of old make and consecrate Kings, Priests, and Prophets, to teach and govern thy people Israel, bless and sanctify thy chosen servant EDWARD this day anointed with holy oil and consecrated in thy name. Strengthen him, O Lord, with the Holy Ghost the Comforter; Confirm and establish him with thy free and princely spirit, the spirit of counsel and ghostly strength, the spirit of knowledge and true Godliness, and fill him, O Lord, with the spirit of thy holy fear, now and for ever. Amen.

And then the Priest and Nathan the Zadok the Priest and Nathan the Prophet anointed King Solomon King; and all the people rejoiced and said: God save the King; long live the King; may the King live for ever. Amen.

Then follow these Prayers, all kneeling: From the Presenting of the Sword—Hear our prayers, O Lord, we beseech thee, and so direct and support thy servant EDWARD, that he may not bear the sword in vain; but may use it as the Minister of God, for the terror and punishment of evil-doers, and for the protection and encouragement of those that do well, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

From the Putting On of the Crown—O God, the Crown of the Faithful, bless we beseech thee and sanctify thy servant EDWARD and as thou dost crown him with a Crown of pure gold upon his head, so grant his royal heart with thine abundant grace and crown him with all princely Virtues, through the King Eternal, Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

From the Benediction—I. The Lord bless and keep King Edward and as he hath made him king over his people, so may he prosper him in this world and make him partake of his eternal felicity in the world to come. Amen. II. The Lord give King Edward a fruitful country and healthful seasons; a quiet Empire; a faithful Senate, wise and upright Counsellors and Magistrates; a loyal Nobility, and a dutiful Gentry; a pious and learned and useful clergy; an honest, industrious and obedient commonalty. Amen.

III. And the same Lord God Almighty grant, that the Clergy and Nobles assembled this day in Westminster for this great and solemn service, and together with them all the people of the King's Dominions, fearing God, and honouring the King, may by the merciful superintendency of the Divine Providence, and the vigilant care of their gracious sovereign, continually enjoy peace, plenty, and prosperity, through Jesus Christ our Lord, to whom with the Eternal Father, and God the Holy Ghost, be glory in the Church, world without end. Amen.

From the Coronation of the Queen—Almighty God, the fountain of all goodness; give ear we beseech Thee, to our prayers, and multiply Thy blessings upon thy servant Alexandra, who in this day is consecrated Queen; defend her evermore from dangers, ghostly and bodily; make her a great example of Virtue and Piety, and a blessing to her Kingdom; through Jesus Christ our Lord, who liveth and reigneth with thee, O Father, in the unity of the Holy Spirit, world without end. Amen.

Let us pray for the whole state of Christ's Church militant. Almighty and everliving God, who by thy holy apostle hast taught us to make prayers, and supplications, and to give thanks, for all men, we humbly beseech thee most mercifully to receive these our prayers, which we offer unto thy Divine Majesty, beseeching thee to inspire continually the universal Church with the spirit of truth, unity, and concord; And grant, that all those who do confess thy holy Name may be the true Church of thy holy love, and live in unity and godly love. We beseech thee almighty to direct and dispose the hearts of all Christian Rulers that they may truly and impartially minister justice, to the punishment of wickedness and vice, and to the maintenance of thy true religion, and virtue. Give grace, O heavenly Father, to all Bishops and other Ministers, that they may both by their life and doctrine set forth thy true and lively Word, and rightly and duly administer thy holy Sacraments: And to all thy people give thy heavenly grace; and especially to this congregation here present; that with meek heart and due reverence, they may hear, and receive thy holy Word; truly serving thee in holiness and righteousness all the days of their life. And we most humbly beseech thee of thy goodness, O Lord, to comfort and succour all them, who in this transitory life are in trouble, sorrow, need, sickness, or any other adversity. And we also bless thy holy Name for all thy servants departed this life in thy faith and fear; beseeching thee to give us grace so to follow their good examples, that with them we may be partakers of thy heavenly kingdom. Grant this, O Father, for Jesus Christ's sake, our only Mediator and Advocate. Amen.

THE BRITISH NATIONAL ANTHEM

The first verse of the British National Anthem was sung by the sopranos and the choir, the second by the altos, and the last verse by the choir and congregation. God save our gracious King, Long live our Lord the King, God save the King! Send him victorious, Happy and glorious, Long to reign over us, God save the King!

O Lord our God arise, Scatter his enemies, Make wars to cease, Keep us from plague and death, Turn thou our woes to mirth, And over all the earth Let there be peace.

Thy choicest gifts in store On him be pleased to pour: Long may he reign! May he defend our laws, And ever give us cause To sing with heart and voice, God save the King!

Then followed the special prayer, as follows: A Thanksgiving for the restoration of peace in South Africa. O Almighty God, the Sovereign Commander of all the world, in whose hand is power and might, which none is able to withstand; we bless and magnify thy great and glorious Name for the happy consummation of peace in South Africa, the whole glory whereof we ascribe to thee who alone rulest and commandest all the nations of the world. We beseech thee grant thy people grace to improve this great blessing to thy honor and glory, the advancement of thy Gospel and the good of all mankind. And grant thy people such a sense of this great mercy as may fill them with a true thankfulness in their lives by a humble, holy, and obedient walking before thee as thy Lord, so with thee and the Holy Spirit as for all thy mercies, so in particular for this happy consummation of peace be all glory and honour world without end. Amen.

A Prayer for the President of the United States, and all in Civil Authority. Almighty God, whose kingdom is everlasting and power infinite; have mercy upon this whole land; and so rule the hearts of thy servants; the President of the United States, the Governor of this Territory, and all others in authority, that they, knowing whose ministers they are, may above all things seek thy honour and glory; and that all the people, duly considering whose authority they bear, may faithfully and obediently honour them, in thee, and for thee, according to thy blessed

Word and ordinance; through Jesus Christ our Lord, who with thee and the Holy Ghost liveth and reigneth ever, one God, world without end. Amen. A Prayer for Congress: Most gracious God, we humbly beseech thee, as for the people of the United States, in general, so especially for their Senate and Representatives in Congress assembled; that thou wouldst be pleased to direct and prosper all their consultations, to the advancement of thy glory, the good of the Church, the safety, honour, and welfare of thy people; that all things may be so ordered and settled by their endeavours, upon the best and surest foundations, that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety, may be established among us for all generations. These and all other necessities, for them, for us, and thy whole Church, we humbly beg in the Name and mediation of Jesus Christ, our most blessed Lord and Saviour Amen.

A Prayer for the Church: O Almighty God, who hast built thy Church upon the foundation of the Apostles and Prophets, Jesus Christ himself being the head corner-stone; Grant us so to be joined together in unity of spirit by their doctrine, that we may be made an holy temple acceptable unto thee; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen. The Blessing: The peace of God, which passeth all understanding, keep your hearts and minds in the knowledge and love of God, and of his Son Jesus Christ our Lord; and the blessing of God Almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, be amongst you, and remain with you always. Amen.

The peace of God, which passeth all understanding, keep your hearts and minds in the knowledge and love of God, and of his Son Jesus Christ our Lord; and the blessing of God Almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, be amongst you, and remain with you always. Amen.

The peace of God, which passeth all understanding, keep your hearts and minds in the knowledge and love of God, and of his Son Jesus Christ our Lord; and the blessing of God Almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, be amongst you, and remain with you always. Amen.

RECEPTION AT THE CONSULATE

Following the Cathedral service, British residents, the Consular corps and citizens generally were received at the residence of His Britannic Majesty's Consul, W. R. Hoare, 'on King street, near Pihoko. The Consul was assisted in his pleasant duty by the Vice Consul, Mr. Francis M. Swanzy. It was at 11 a. m. when the Hawaiian Government Band, under the leadership of Kappelmeister Berger, struck up "God Save the King," and all heads were bowed. The Consul was on the porch at the first burst of the martial strains, but at once went into the reception hall, where he and the Vice Consul stood during the two hours devoted to the greetings. Among the first to arrive was Governor Dole, attended by his staff in full regiments. These were Adjutant-General Soper, Captain Kenake, Captain Hawes and Captain Atherton. Pleasant greetings were exchanged by the Governor with the Consul and congratulations offered. The guests passed from the reception hall into the Consul's office, where a spread of salads, sandwiches, lemonade, punch and cigars was in readiness. Nearly all the representatives of other countries were present, besides local officials and representative men of the Hawaiian Islands. The appearance of the Chinese Consul, the Vice Consul and the secretary of the Consulate attracted considerable attention. All were attired in flowing robes of silk, and each wore the round hat of his rank from which extended at the rear peacock feathers. The band, which was placed in the shade of big trees, played continuously throughout the reception, and the national anthem, melodies known to Scotland and Ireland, and tunes peculiarly British formed the principal features of the program.

Among those who were present were: Governor Dole, Admiral Merry, U. S. N.; Lieutenant Colonel Girard, U. S. A.; Major Davis, U. S. A.; Captain Williamson, U. S. A.; Chief Justice Frear, Judge Stanley, Adjutant General Soper, Captain Kenake, Captain Hawes, Captain Atherton, Captain F. D. Walker, Princess Emma Defries, Robert Law, Stanley Beardmore, Rev. William Ault, Rev. John Osborne, L. Blackman, L. Tenney Peck, William Thompson, T. Clive Davies, D. W. Anderson, Miss Dickson, Hon. Miki Saito, Mme. Saito, S. Okabe, Rev. A. B. Weymouth, S. M. Damon, Dr. George Herbert, W. M. Giffard, Gerritt Wilder, C. Shioda, K. Inouye, F. P. McIntyre, J. W. Waldron, Y. Kuramoto, Mr. Imanishi, A. K. Ozawa, T. Ishikawa, Rev. George L. Pearson, Captain A. Thomas, C. W. Booth, C. W. Ashford, A. Vizzavona (French Consul), F. A. Canavarro (Portuguese Consul), F. A. Schaefer (Italian Consul), Yang Wei Pin (Chinese Consul), Goo Kim (Vice Consul), W. F. Allen, W. G. Irwin, Father Valentin, Wong Kwal (Vice Consul), Dr. Li Kwang Heng (Secretary Chinese Consulate), Hon. W. O. Smith, Hon. E. P. Dole, Fred Whitney, Dr. Katunuma, Dr. Uchida, Dr. W. Hoffmann, F. Howard Humphris, A. T. Atkinson, W. C. Roe, H. M. von Holt, J. Arthur Laing, Rev. Alexander Mackintosh, Rev. A. C. Wilson, Rev. F. Fitz, Wray Taylor, H. Focke, J. O. Carter, F. A. G. Seymour, H. M. Mist, Hon. W. H. Wright, R. H. Chamberlain, Hon. James H. Boyd, E. R. Stackable, Rev. V. H. Kitchat, W. G. Taylor, Alfred Beteridge, Fred Naylor, W. G. Singlehurst, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison, J. Batchelor, M. R. Counter, Alexander Young, C. von Hamm, J. Kingham, Mrs. Whitehead, W. H. Bradley, James W. Robertson, James Wakefield, Dr. McMillan, James Hauga, W. H. Baird, Commander J. H. Henderson, R. N. Tom May, Richard Weedon, G. M. Donahue, W. H. Pain, Mrs. Pain, A. A. Hobson R. A. Jordan, E. W. Jordan, Dr. H. C. Sloggett, J. T. Irvine, Thomas Lindsay, Jessie Young, Captain Berger, Robert Anderson, Colonel A. G. Haxer, James C. McGill, James Cummings, H. Herbert Mace, G. C. Thompson, C. M. V. Foster, J. F. Soper, C. W. Whitehead, W. W. Hall.

JAPANESE HONOR VICTORIA'S HEIR

The Japanese Consul gave a banquet last evening at the Hawaiian Hotel to the representative Japanese citizens of Honolulu, in honor of the coronation of His Britannic Majesty, Edward VII. and also to commemorate the alliance entered into last February between England and Japan. The decorations were artistic, the prevailing colors being red and white. Banks of red and white carnations weighed down the banquet board and the colored electric incandescent lights added to the beauty of the scene.

Crown Prince in Hard Luck

DRESDEN, June 14.—The principality of Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt is in an uproar because its prince refuses to lodge and board the heir presumptive to the throne, Prince of Leiningen. The prince of Schwarzburg says that though past 50, he may have issue himself, and in the meanwhile doesn't care to have expectant heirs about. Six is very hard up and asked his uncle for apartments in the castle a place at the table, and a horse or two, but the old prince refused and ordered his ministers not to let any more begging letters from that party before him.

NO COURT BY ESTEE

Judge Estee adjourned court at 10 o'clock yesterday morning because of coronation day. All United States offices in both the Judiciary and Capitol buildings were closed at noon in common with the majority of Territorial offices, as a further mark of respect to King Edward of Great Britain.

"We will adjourn for the day," said Judge Estee yesterday morning after the baniff had convened court as usual. "We will do this for two reasons, first, because we haven't anything on the calendar, and second, while this is an American court and we are in an American Territory, it is but meet and proper to adjourn when a sister country is celebrating such an event as the coronation of the King today. American people are a people of progress and it is appropriate that we recognize in some manner an epoch in the history of a great English speaking nation, of which we were once a part.

"There are a great many English people in these Islands and we are interested in the prosperity of everyone here, and we may take note of this, their festal day, by adjourning in honor of the occasion and recognizing the blessing of peace which has now come with the cessation of the Boer war."

The Judge referred also to the progress of America as a nation, and its part in educating the English people to its own standards. He mentioned the attention being paid by the nation as a whole to other nations, citing as instances the recent unveiling of the monument to Rochambeau in Washington, over one hundred years after France had through him rendered assistance to the United States in throwing off England's yoke. The President and the members of the United States Supreme Court attended these ceremonies and in the opinion of the judge there was no reason why this was not proper. Only a short time before the unveiling ceremonies and the visit of the French Commission to the United States, Prince Henry of Germany had visited the country and been everywhere received with consideration and honor. When the Americans celebrated the Fourth of July in London the English people took a kindly interest in the celebration, even though it was in recognition of the secession from Great Britain.

"It is but natural that the many Englishmen here take a deep interest in the coronation of King Edward," added Judge Estee. "They love and honor their rulers in the same manner that we respect our Presidents, and it is but natural that they should be proud of this event and anxious to celebrate it. They are among the best citizens of the Islands and there can be no reason why we should not join in some way in this coronation celebration. Americans as Americans have no cause to be jealous of England or of any sister nation, particularly those of the great English speaking race. It is but proper and just and well that we should express our hope for the welfare and progress and peace of a nation like Great Britain."

The clerk's office, Marshal's office and District Attorney's office closed at noon, and the officials of the United States Court were guests of Judge Estee at a bathing party and dinner at the Hawaiian Hotel annex in the afternoon and evening.

Mr. K. J. Inouye presided. Before introducing the speakers he spoke most feelingly on the subject of the recently formed alliance. He appreciated the responsibilities resting on the shoulders of the Oriental country and felt sure that their industries and commercial relations would be enhanced from such a great joining of mutual interests. The coronation of Edward VII was not merely referred to, but, said Mr. Inouye, the friendly alliance would not only benefit greatly the two countries involved, but would also be of long enduring continuance.

Mr. Imanishi, the manager of the Yokohama Specie Bank, spoke of the importance to both nations of mutual and foreign trade and especial emphasis was laid on the fact that the younger nation should avoid all semblance of pride but should stand by the letter and spirit of the alliance and "do its duty."

T. Oguri, a member of the Japanese Diet, spoke of the Anglo-Japanese alliance and paid most laudatory tributes to the British King who today was crowned.

Mr. Shiozawa added to the expressed sentiments of the evening his own views on the new relations opened between these important countries and his remarks were like those of the former speakers.

The Japanese Consul General was absent at coronation exercises elsewhere and sent his regrets, at the same time expressing his high approval and loyal support of the purpose of the banquet given.

The following prominent Japanese were present: S. Oguri, member of Japanese Diet; K. J. Inouye, O. Shioda, ex-member of Diet; K. J. Imanishi, manager of Yokohama Specie Bank; H. Hamanaka, C. Shiozawa, proprietor of Hawaii Shiping; T. Ishikawa, Y. Kimura, A. K. Ozawa, T. Masuda, K. Kobayashi, J. Inaya, Secretary of Legation, Y. Kuramoto, S. Onaki, C. Sawano, T. Takaoka, T. Onodera, members of Kei Hin Bank.

The Japanese Consul gave a banquet last evening at the Hawaiian Hotel to the representative Japanese citizens of Honolulu, in honor of the coronation of His Britannic Majesty, Edward VII. and also to commemorate the alliance entered into last February between England and Japan. The decorations were artistic, the prevailing colors being red and white. Banks of red and white carnations weighed down the banquet board and the colored electric incandescent lights added to the beauty of the scene.

CABLE TO LAND AT SANS SOUCI

Option to Purchase On Strip Is Given.

UPON the decision reached at the main office of the Pacific Commercial Cable Company will rest the settlement of the landing site for the cable from the mainland. F. M. Hatch has given an option of purchase upon a strip of land at his residence at Waikiki, to S. S. Dickenson, acting for the company, and the papers have been forwarded to San Francisco. Until return advices have been received there will be nothing settled as to the acceptance of the site.

The strip of ground thus offered extends from the beach to the main road, and averages twenty-five feet in width. At the shore the width is only twenty-five feet, while at the road front it is thirty feet. The strip straightens the line of the lots to be retained by Mr. Hatch, and at the same time gives to the cable company the needed ground for the buildings, which will be placed upon the plot. There is needed, in fact, only a small house through which the cables run, but the strip of ground would make it possible for the erection of quarters for the housing of any employees in case it ever became necessary to work the cable there, instead of from the down-town office.

Where the sea cable is joined to the land line, which will be in the form of an underground cable, there is always erected a house for shelter, and for the purpose of keeping exposed the point of contact, so that in the event of any disarrangement of the city line the cable can be broken and worked at the end of the sea line. For this purpose there must be installed the foundations for the delicate instruments which are used in the operation of the line and as well a reserve battery for the purpose of tests and working as well.

The company was desirous of securing the land in fee simple for the reason that access to the line is needed at all times, as there may occur one of the breaks which would impede the working of the system and it might be found important to raise the cable at any moment. This made it wise to secure the option of purchase, that there may never be any interruption of the company's use of all the ground. The house which will be erected will be of not more than twenty feet square, but it will be so constructed as to offer all the stability of the down-town office and the most perfect conditions for the working of the cable, if it becomes necessary to put it to this use.

The selection of the Sans Souci site for the shore end makes it possible for the company to use the most suitable break in the reef for the bringing in of the cable from the deep sea. There is directly off Sans Souci a break in the reef which gives upon the sea bottom with a very slight wall to the south. This may be broken down by the placing upon it of a charge of dynamite, if that is deemed necessary, though even that may be avoided. This point for a cable entrance through the encircling reef has been reported upon favorably many times and there is nothing like it in the vicinity of the city. Once through the outer reef the approach to shore is easy and there are no difficulties to encounter.

The greatest trouble lies in the sending ashore of the end of the cable owing to the fact that the reef will keep a cable ship some distance off shore. The plan which may be followed is the paying out of sufficient cable to make the connection, and then making this fast to a cable which has been sent ashore, and through a heavy block the ship then pulling the cable up to the shore by steaming off seaward. The method works satisfactorily up to a half or three quarters of a mile and will have to be employed in this instance owing to the impossibility of successfully placing sufficient cable on a barge and then paying it out as the barge is hauled to the shore.

From the point of landing the line into the city will consist of an underground cable of sufficient size to permit the use of it two ways for when the line has been extended to Guam and the Philippines, there will be the necessity for repeating all messages here which will mean the use of the underground cable for both the Pacific and Oriental work. The Government has considered the granting of the right to lay the underground cable down the Waikiki road and King street and the permission will follow immediately upon the application which will be made as soon as definite decision has been made as to the landing place.

The selection of the office for the cable company will be made as soon as the preliminaries are so far advanced as to make it necessary to know the objective of the underground system. The work of preparing for the various buildings the cable conduits and the construction of the foundations for instruments for the office, will be undertaken at once and will proceed under the personal supervision of Mr. Dickenson, who for the past quarter of a century has had to do with such matters, much of that time in connection with Mr. George Ward the executive head of the present Pacific Cable Company. Mr. Dickenson will remain in Honolulu until he has perfected the arrangements for the line and got everything in working order. The strip of land which may be secured for the landing lies immediately between the grounds of W. G. Irwin and the Sans Souci property.

DR. GILBERT STILL MAKES FURTHER DISCOVERIES

(From Thursday's daily.)

THE U. S. F. C. S. Albatross came into harbor at 3 p. m. yesterday and docked at the Naval wharf. As she was tying up her propeller stirred up mud from the bottom which would indicate that a sand shoal had been recently formed. Lieutenant Rodman, with his usual foresight and attention, at once ordered an investigation and directed that soundings be made yesterday to ascertain the cause of the disturbance.

Dr. C. H. Gilbert was the naturalist in charge of this expedition. He says a most satisfactory series of dredge hauls was made off the east shore of Kauai and north of Nawiliwili. It is said that this field renders the best area and the smoothest bottoms yet given for experimental investigations off the Islands.

The Albatross left this port on Thursday last. She ran into Hanalei Bay on Saturday evening, where she anchored and laid up over Sunday and part of Monday. The rivers and reefs were thoroughly sounded and examined and the results heretofore reported in former tests are coincident with her present investigations.

Waimea was made on Monday and the vessel dropped anchor in this port. Tuesday she was in the channel between Niihau and Kauai. She left there for Honolulu on the same night.

SILVA CITATION IS DISCHARGED

Robinson Holds That He Cannot Deny Appeal From Interlocutory Order.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Notice of motion for execution in the Kamalo Sugar Co case was filed yesterday in the Circuit Court. The notice is directed to the attorneys for Frank Huestace as well as for Frank Foster and John J. Egan, and is in the following terms:

"Please take notice that plaintiffs in the above entitled cause will, upon the 28th day of June, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., move for execution to issue in said cause for the following sums: Cash ordered to be paid by defendants to plaintiffs \$34,820 00 Interest at 6 per cent on above amount from May 8th, 1899, to June 28, 1902 6,408 32 Amount payable for 709 1/2 shares of Kamalo Sugar Co Ltd. stock, paid up at \$20 14,190 00 Interest on same from June 19th to 28th at 6 per cent 21 28 Plaintiffs' bill of costs hereto attached 69 00 Total \$55,498 61 Amounts paid by defendants \$11,901 57 Interest on same from June 12 to June 28 \$11,933 31 Balance due \$45,560 30

SILVA NOT IN CONTEMPT.

Judge Robinson yesterday denied the motion to cite the defendant for contempt in the case of Silva vs Silva for failure to pay alimony and attorneys' fees allowed by the court to his wife. The decision brought out a brief but interesting discussion as to the right of a Circuit Judge to deny an appeal, a question which has long been a subject of dispute in local courts. Judge Robinson held that even while he might possibly have the right to refuse to allow an appeal, he would not exercise it for fear that it would interfere with the rights of parties in court. A different interpretation of this rule would give the judge absolute power to decide a case where such power was not intended to be placed in the lower court, for an appeal could be denied from any order and the order enforced by further orders, in spite of an attempted appeal. Attorney Thompson, who represented Silva, contended that the court did not have a right to deny an appeal, but that the statute expressly conferred the authority to appeal as a matter of right. Attorney Ashford on the other hand who appeared for Mrs. Silva, said that the court could continue denying the appeal or an appeal from the new order and enforce his orders continuing to override the appeal from them.

Th order to show cause was therefore discharged by Judge Robinson and Silva was allowed to go without punishment.

AIDS WILL FILED.

The will of the late William Auld was filed for probate yesterday afternoon. The widow is made the sole legatee and has requested the appointment of J. O. Carter as executor.

AMERICAN MAKES TROUBLES.

BERLIN, June 14.—Hostilities between the Kaiser and the agent of Lippe have broken out anew after the recent settlement when the Kaiser forgave his highness for having replaced his brother-in-law, Adolph on the tiny throne. It appears that a German-American, John Stein from Herford, Westphalia, who was banished from Prussian soil as an obnoxious foreigner, went to the principality of Lippe and there acquired citizenship. Later he returned to Herford, maintaining that as a citizen of one of the federate states he might live anywhere he pleased in the fatherland. But the Prussian government didn't see it that way and conducted John back to Lippe, which is about the size of Staten Island. The agent of Lippe thereupon entered protest charging violation of the German constitution, and the battle royal is on again. With the twilight on the German-American.

With the close of the Oahu College year the connection of President Smith with the school ceases. Miss Lewis of the department of history and English Professor Wm B Burns instructor of mathematics, and Chas Bailey, instructor in Latin and athletics, will also not return next year.

Her dredge hauls in general were most satisfactory, but three of these are reported to be of most interesting character. Three new specimens of fishes were discovered in the nets, the haul being made in very deep waters, and further information will be given relative to this new discovery.

While most of the fishery experiments covered the regular routine work it is reported that Dr. Jordan's attention has been drawn to the Kaula results, and interesting information may be expected in regard to this point. Almost three hundred pictures were taken of the coast and of the samples of fish obtained, but these are not ready as yet for public view.

At Hanalei Bay, the boys taking a Sunday off, a good sized party was organized to visit the caves on horseback. They had to ride about eight miles to reach their destination, and though the visit was not made for a scientific purpose, the visitors enjoyed the trip and came back sore and satiated.

A rumor is current that on the first dredge haul about 1100 fathoms of chain were lost. This costs about \$600 per 1000, and as the accident was caused from the natural rough coral bottom, no fault lies with the navigation officers.

A most successful trip is reported from all quarters. Mr. Fassett, though somewhat under the weather, rendered his usual valued assistance to Dr. Gilbert. Further information most valuable to those interested in scientific research will soon be offered. No serious sickness occurred on board. The Albatross will stay in port for slight repairs until after the Fourth.

JUDGE LITTLE IS REVERSED

Supreme Court Sets Aside Order for New Trial in Cornwell Case.

(From Thursday's daily.)

Judge Little is reversed in the opinion filed yesterday by the Supreme Court in the case of Ahn vs. W. H. Cornwell Jr. This was an action for malicious prosecution, Cornwell having had the plaintiff arrested, for which he was sued for damages. The jury returned a verdict for defendant and Ahn was given a new trial by Judge Little on the ground that the verdict was contrary to the evidence.

The opinion is written by Judge Perry, who holds that there was an abuse of discretion by the court, and that the defendant acted in good faith in causing the arrest of plaintiff.

The syllabus says: "Under Act 40 of the Laws of 1896, an exception to an order granting a new trial in a term case may be certified to the Supreme Court by the presiding judge, whenever such judge in his discretion may think the same advisable for a speedy termination of the case."

"An order of the trial judge granting a new trial may be set aside, in a case where there was ample evidence to support the verdict of the jury, and no sufficient cause for the order exists."

JUDGE WILCOX SUSTAINED.

Judge Wilcox is sustained in a decision written by Justice Perry in the case of Territory vs. Antonio Martin, sentenced for indecent exposure. The court holds that even though seen by only one person the crime is punishable under Section 324 of the Penal Laws.

DINNER TO VISITING LECTURER

Dr T Prime the eminent theologian who is now in the city on a tour of the world, was the guest at dinner last evening of Mrs M D Hendricks, the head of the local society. The dinner was served by the Moana Hotel and was a triumph of Manager Allen's art.

The guests were seated at a round table which was resplendent in white and green the electric effects being in the same shade combining with the white napery to make an effect of brilliant contrast by the bright costumes. Malle and white ribbons shone under the influence of the glow of electric globes shaded with the darker hue. Mrs. Hendricks was seated at the head of the table with Dr McGrew at her right and the Rev. Canon Kitch at her left. Dr Prime occupied had as his neighbors Mrs McGrew and Mrs H M von Holt.

The guests of the evening were in addition to the hostess and guests of honor Dr and Mrs McGrew, Senor A De Souza Canavarro Dr and Mrs Cooper Dr and Mrs Alvarez Dr and Mrs Meyers, Mr and Mrs H M von Holt the Rev and Mrs V H Kitch, Sister Albertina, Miss Alice Gillett, Mr J Tarn McGrew. The menu filled with delicacies of the season was discussed and enjoyed to the full and the feast of reason held all until a late hour.

A Negro Colony.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Henry C White, the last colored man to sit in Congress, a member from North Carolina in both the Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth Congresses, is reported to be at the head of a syndicate which has purchased from Senator Robert E. Hendon 55 1/4 acres of land near Burleigh N J near Cape May. It is intended to establish a colony of negroes from North Carolina. The name of the tract is to be Whiteboro. Already several avenues have been laid out. Each colonist is to buy a house on the installment plan and is to have ten years in which to pay for it. It is to be an agricultural colony on the same plan as the Jewish colony at Woodbine founded by the Baron de Hirsch fund trustees.

LANE QUITS COMMITTEE

Makes Field Clear For a New Head.

(From Thursday's daily.)

John C. Lane, member of the Republican Territorial Central Committee from the Fifth district, and vice chairman of the body, yesterday sent to Secretary J. H. Fisher his resignation both from the committee and the office which he now holds. Mr. Lane is preparing to take the ground that his retirement may facilitate the reorganization of the committee, which seems inevitable owing to the many resignations which have taken place recently. The letter which Mr. Lane sent to the committee is as follows:

"Honolulu, June 24, 1902. 'J. H. Fisher, Esq., Secretary Territorial Central Committee. Dear Sir: Believing that recent events have so demoralized our party organization that a reorganization is necessary upon the basis of recent changes, and desiring to make the work as easy as possible and to promote the harmony and success of the party, I do hereby tender my resignation as member of the Territorial Central Committee and as vice chairman thereof. I am, dear sir, very sincerely yours, JNO. C. LANE."

When seen yesterday afternoon, Mr. Lane explained his action at some length. His retirement, he said, was due entirely to the reasons set forth in his letter, and not from any desire to please one faction or embarrass those who are working for pure Republicanism. He said that he would try to be a member of the next committee, would run for the election, in fact, and that he was now placing his resignation in the hands of the committee so that there might be a free field in the reorganization.

While Mr. Lane would not say it in so many words, there is a belief among his friends that he may yet be persuaded to remain in the committee, once it is shown that his presence is really desired by the majority. It comes at a very bad time, this withdrawal, for the reason that there was a sentiment among a majority of the members of the committee that Mr. Lane was the very man for the vacant chairmanship. His ability as an organizer, his personal popularity, and finally his presence in the committee as a representative from the Fifth district, where he was able to do great work for the party, made him the natural choice, even if the place would not have gone to him as the logical successor to Kennedy, he being the vice chairman. In view of all these facts it may be possible to secure a withdrawal of Mr. Lane's resignation or to induce him to serve upon a re-election to the committee. It was understood yesterday that he would be asked to remain in the committee, at the meeting to be held July 5, without a dissenting vote, and in the event of the success of the plan he would be elected to the chairmanship at once.

The effect of the explanatory order of Governor Dole, in which he sets right the officials of the Government, who had been misinformed as to the scope of an order issued by the heads of departments affecting their political rights, has been to show the Republicans that there is no uncertain feeling at the Executive building upon the matter of the necessity of the success of the party at the fall elections. The general opinion is that the officials, other than the heads of departments who have patronage to dispense, will be as active as ever, or more so even than during the last campaign, and that there will be a good hot fight made for the success of the Republicans at the polls.

The meeting of the precinct clubs for the election of officers will be held tomorrow evening and it is expected that there will be a large turn-out of Republicans to take part in the practical inauguration of the campaign. The time is pressing and there will be active work started just as soon as the new officers of the clubs have been chosen for the places.

IS THE MOHICAN IN TROUBLE?

The United States training ship Mohican Captain Cowden, is now thirty-four days out from Yokohama. She is now six days overdue at this port, being due to arrive here on the 22nd instant. The Mohican is bringing a full load of cadets returning home, and she ought to have sailed on the 23d ultimo from Japan.

Much interest is felt as to her arrival and it is generally hoped that she may have experienced nothing but head winds to thus delay her. Her engines being in excellent trim only unexpected accident could explain her late arrival.

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The twenty-second assessment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable August 21, 1902.

The twenty-third assessment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable October 21, 1902.

The twenty-fourth and final assessment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable December 20, 1902.

Interest will be charged on assessments unpaid ten days after the same are due at the rate of one per cent (1%) per month from the date upon which such assessments are due.

The above assessments will be payable at the office of The B. F. Dillingham Co., Ltd., Stangenwald building (Signed) ELMER E. PAXTON, Treasurer Olaa Sugar Co. May 12, 1902. 2333

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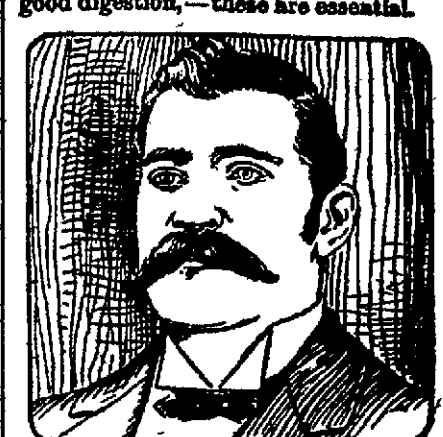
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The Berington Music Co has on exhibition a bottle of ashes from Mount Pelee, Martinique.

Can't Eat

You certainly don't want to eat if you are not hungry. But you must eat, and you must digest your food, too. If not, you will become weak, pale, thin. Good food, good appetite, good digestion,—these are essential.



Mr. Robert Venns, of Lancaster, Tasmania, sends us his photograph and says: "I suffered greatly from loss of appetite, indigestion, pains in the stomach, weakness, and nervousness. Several doctors tried in vain to give me relief. A friend then induced me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, for it had done him much good. The first bottle worked wonders for me. Soon my appetite came back, my indigestion was cured, and I was strong and hearty."

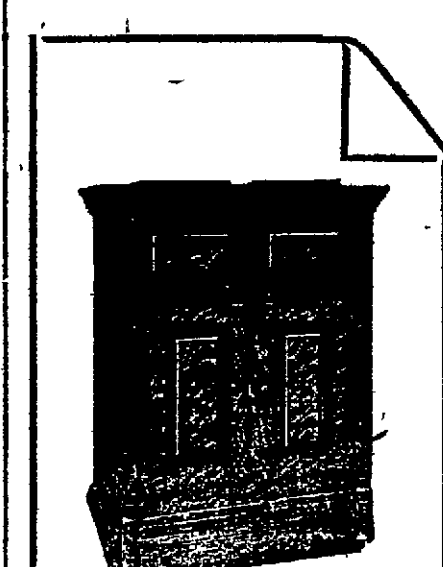
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